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2014 TENNESSEE

Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

The Occupational Injuries and Illnesses Survey

Prepared by the Tennessee Department of Labor & Workforce Development Labor Research & Statistics Division in Cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics



CENSUS OF FATAL OCCUPATIONAL INJURIES

AND

THE OCCUPATIONAL INJURIES AND ILLNESSES SURVEY

TENNESSEE, 2014

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State of Tennessee
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Prepared by
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In cooperation with the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries and Occupational Injuries and Illnesses

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The History of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) Safety and Health Statistical Programs

The seeds for safer workplaces through improving knowledge were sown at the beginning of the 20th century. Back then, the BLS fielded its first full-scale survey of safety and health conditions in American workplaces, with its 1912 study of industrial accidents in the iron and steel industry. Paralleling its interest in worker safety, the BLS also sponsored the pioneering work of industrial hygienists, such as Dr. Alice Hamilton's early 20th century research on lead poisoning in the workplace. Other BLS studies of individual industries and safety and health topics followed, but it was not until the late 1930's that injury recordkeeping was sufficiently uniform to permit the collection of nationwide work-injury data.

Once the American Standard Method of Measuring and Recording Work-Injury Experience (the Z16.1 standard) was accepted by employers and statistical agencies, the BLS launched an annual nationwide survey of work injuries that had resulted in death, permanent impairment, or temporary disability (unable to perform a regularly established job beyond the day of injury). Spanning three decades, these surveys proved useful in measuring and monitoring injury frequency and severity; however, they had some major limitations: first, the work-injury data were compiled only from employers who volunteered to record and report that information; second, only disabling injuries defined in the Z16.1 standard were counted. Thus, numerous work injuries that required medical treatment but did not result in a full day away from work were excluded from the survey estimates, as were, with few exceptions, occupational illnesses. These and other limitations eventually were addressed in a major piece of safety legislation passed by the Congress in the waning days of 1970.

The Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 was passed to ensure "so far as possible every, working man and woman in the nation safe and healthful working conditions and to preserve our human resources" (PL 91-596, 1970). As a result of this legislation, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) was created under the Assistant Secretary of Labor for Occupational Safety and Health to enforce the regulations established by the 1970 act. Very specific language in the act gave an indication that Congress recognized statistics on workplace injuries and diseases were essential to an effective national program of prevention. The act, among other things, directed the Secretary of Labor to issue regulations to require employers to maintain records on workplace injuries and illnesses. The Secretary of Labor was also directed to compile accurate statistics on occupational injuries and illnesses and to make periodic reports on such occurrences.

The responsibility for collecting statistics on occupational injuries and illnesses was delegated to the BLS. In order to further the purposes of this act, the language was quite specific: "The Secretary shall compile accurate statistics on work injuries and illnesses which shall include all disabling, serious or significant injuries and illnesses, whether or not involving loss of time from work other than minor injuries requiring only first aid treatment and which do not involve medical treatment, loss of consciousness, restriction of work or motion, or transfer to another job." The purposes of the act are quite comprehensive and include the establishment of occupational safety and health standards, carrying out inspections and investigations, ensuring the maintenance of recordkeeping by employers on occupational injuries and illnesses, requiring reporting by employers of work-related deaths, and conducting research relating to occupational safety and health.

OSHA is charged with the responsibility of enforcing the provisions of the 1970 act, and BLS is the collector of statistics.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, from the BLS website at http://data.bls.gov/iff/oshhist.htm

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Section I

Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries 2014

INTRODUCTION

The Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI), administered by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) in conjunction with the Tennessee Department of Labor and Workforce Development, compiles detailed information on all work-related fatalities occurring in the State of Tennessee. The program is based upon the 1987 recommendations of the National Academy of Sciences and the Keystone Dialogue Group that emphasized the need for a reliable measure of occupational fatalities. In response to these recommendations the CFOI program was developed to produce accurate, comprehensive, descriptive, timely, and accessible counts of fatal workplace injuries that occur during a given year.

To ensure the most inclusive count of work-related fatalities, the Census uses a broad definition of fatal-occupational injury. The Census includes fatal-occupational injuries that occur to self-employed persons, those engaged in farm operations, traffic accidents in which the person was in work status, incidents at a person's work facility, and to government employees. Fatalities that occur during a person's commute to or from work are excluded from the Census.

In an effort to compile counts that are as complete as possible, CFOI uses diverse sources to identify, verify, and profile fatal-work injuries. Source documents such as death certificates, workers' compensation reports, and Federal and State agency administrative records are cross-referenced to gather key information about each workplace fatality such as the occupation in which the decedent worked, worker demographics, equipment or machinery involved, and other circumstances of the event. Two or more independent source documents are used to verify the work relationship of each fatal-work injury. The CFOI definitions located in Appendix A explain the CFOI work relationship criteria. The CFOI program compiles the most complete, verifiable count of fatal-occupational injuries in the United States. Fatal illnesses are excluded from the statistical tables due to the latency period of many occupational illnesses along with the difficulty of relating illnesses to work-related events.

Data compiled by the CFOI program are issued annually. These data are used by safety and health professionals, policy analysts, and researchers to assist in the prevention of fatal work-related injuries in the following ways:

- Informs workers of life-threatening hazards associated with various jobs
- Promotes safer work practices through enhanced job-safety training
- Develops new safety equipment
- Assesses and improves workplace-safety standards
- Identifies new areas for safety research

This report was prepared by the Labor Market Information, Labor Research and Statistics Division of the Tennessee Department of Labor and Workforce Development under the administration of Commissioner Burns P. Phillips, III, Administrator Linda J. Davis, and Director Mattie S. Miller, and under the direction of Division Supervisor Kenneth B. Wolentarski. Mr. Wolentarski supervised the preparation of this publication by staff members Mohammad M. Hossain, Joel C. Clinton, and Emily C. Anderson.

Death data were provided by the Tennessee Department of Health, Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Health Statistics.

For additional information on work fatalities in Tennessee, call (615) 741-1749, (800) 778-3966, e-mail the Division Supervisor at Kenneth.Wolentarski@tn.gov or access our Web site at http://www.tn.gov/workforce/article/workforce-occupational-injuries-illnesses-and-fatalities.

You may also write to the Tennessee Department of Labor and Workforce Development, Labor Research & Statistics, 220 French Landing Drive, Nashville, TN 37243-1002. All material in this publication is in the public domain and may, with appropriate credit, be reproduced without permission.

For additional information on work-related fatalities in the United States call (202) 691-6175, e-mail cfoistaff@bls.gov, or access the Internet site at http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfoi1.htm.

If any information is inaccessible due to a disability, please e-mail accessible@bls.gov with your request for information and the desired format.

Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries Tennessee, 2014 Tables

Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by worker characteristics and event or exposure Tennessee, 2014 (124* fatalities)

				2014			
				Event or	exposure1		
Selected worker characteristics	Total fatalities (number)	Transport- ation incidents ²	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ³	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total	124	56	15	16	23	9	5
Employee status							
Wage and salary ⁴	94	48	9	13	15	4	5
Self-employed⁵	30	8	6	3	8	5	
Gender	•		•			•	•
Men	113	52	13	15	20	9	4
Women	11	4	2	1	3		
Age	•						
Under 16 years							
16 to 17 years							
18 to 19 years	1			1	-		
20 to 24 years	7	2	2		1		1
25 to 34 years	16	9		2			
35 to 44 years	19	7	4	2	1		3
45 to 54 years	38	15	4	4	12	3	
55 to 64 years	21	10	3	2	4		
65 years and over	22	13		4	4	1	
Race or ethnic origin ⁶							
White (non-Hispanic)	98	47	9	12	19	8	3
Black or African-American (non-Hispanic)	19	9	4				
Hispanic or Latino	6			3			
American Indian or Alaska Native (non-Hispanic)							
Asian (non-Hispanic)							
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander (non-Hispanic)							

¹ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.

NOTE: *Data are preliminary. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, September 04, 2015.

² Includes roadway, nonroadway, air, water, rail fatal occupational injuries, and fatal occupational injuries resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

³ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁴ May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation.

⁵ Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

⁶ Persons identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. The race categories shown exclude data for Hispanics and Latinos.

Table 2. Number of fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Tennessee 2014

				Event or exposure ²						
Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Transport- ation incidents ³	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions		
Total		124	56	15	16	23	9	5		
Private industry		110	47	14	15	22	8	4		
Goods producing		49	20	1	9	13	3	3		
Natural resources and mining		15	11		3					
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting		14	10		3					
Animal production and aquaculture	112	7	5		2					
Cattle ranching and farming	1121	7	5		2					
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots	11211	7	5		2					
Beef cattle ranching and farming	112111	5	3		2					
Forestry and logging	113	4			1					
Logging	1133	4			1					
Logging	11331	4			1					
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	115	3	3							
Support activities for crop production	1151	3	3							
Support activities for crop production	11511	3	3							
Soil preparation, planting, and cultivating	115112	2	2							
Mining ⁵		1	1							
Mining (except oil and gas)	212	1	1							
Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying	2123	1	1							
Stone mining and quarrying	21231	1	1							
Crushed and broken limestone mining and quarrying	212312	1	1							
Construction		21	4	1	3	11				
Construction		21	4	1	3	11				

Table 2. Number of fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Tennessee 2014 - continued

	Ι				Event or	exposure ²		
Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Transport- ation incidents ³	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Construction of buildings	236	10		1	1	4		
Residential building construction	2361	7	1	1	1	3		
Residential building construction	23611	7	1	1	1	3		
New single-family housing construction (except for-sale builders)	236115	3			1			
Residential remodelers	236118	4	1	1				
Nonresidential building construction	2362	3				1		
Industrial building construction	23621	1				1		
Commercial and institutional building construction	23622	2						
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	4			1	1		
Utility system construction	2371	2	1			1		
Water and sewer line and related structures construction	23711	1	1					
Power and communication line and related structures construction	23713	1				1		
Highway, street, and bridge construction	2373				1			
Highway, street, and bridge construction	23731				1			
Specialty trade contractors	238	6			1	5		
Building equipment contractors	2382	1						
Electrical contractors	23821	1						
Residential electrical contractors	238211	1						
Other specialty trade contractors	2389	2			1	1		
Site preparation contractors	23891	1				1		
Nonresidential site preparation contractors	238912	1				1		
All other specialty trade contractors	23899	1			1			
All other residential specialty trade contractors	238991	1			1			
Manufacturing		13	5		3		1	3
Manufacturing		13	5		3		1	3
Food manufacturing	311	1					1	
Animal slaughtering and processing	3116	1					1	

Table 2. Number of fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Tennessee 2014 - continued

					Event or	exposure ²	2	
Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Transport- ation incidents ³	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Animal slaughtering and processing	31161	1					1	
Poultry processing	311615	1					1	
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	1						
Beverage manufacturing	3121	1						
Soft drink and ice manufacturing	31211	1						
Bottled water manufacturing	312112	1						
Wood product manufacturing	321	3						
Paper manufacturing	322	1	1					
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	3221	1	1					
Paperboard mills	32213	1	1					
Chemical manufacturing	325	2			1			1
Other chemical product and preparation manufacturing	3259	2			1			1
All other chemical product and preparation manufacturing	32599	2			1			1
Custom compounding of purchased resins	325991	1			1			
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	2	1					
Cement and concrete product manufacturing	3273	2	1					
Concrete pipe, brick, and block manufacturing	32733	2	1					
Concrete block and brick manufacturing	327331	2	1					
Primary metal manufacturing	331	1						1
Iron and steel mills and ferroalloy manufacturing	3311	1						1
Iron and steel mills and ferroalloy manufacturing	33111	1						1
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	1						1
Other fabricated metal product manufacturing	3329	1						1
All other fabricated metal product manufacturing	33299	1						1
Small arms ammunition manufacturing	332992	1						1
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	1	1					
Other electrical equipment and component manufacturing	3359	1	1					
Battery manufacturing	33591	1	1					
Storage battery manufacturing	335911	1	1					

Table 2. Number of fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Tennessee 2014 - continued

	Event or exposure ²							
Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Transport- ation incidents ³	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Service providing		61	27	13	6	9	5	
Trade, transportation, and utilities		35	19	8	4			
Wholesale trade		4	1					
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	4	1					
Grocery and related product wholesalers	4244	1						
Petroleum and petroleum products merchant wholesalers	4247	1	1					
Petroleum and petroleum products merchant wholesalers (except bulk stations and terminals)	42472	1	1					
Retail trade		12	3	7	1			
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	3			1			
Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores	4442	1			1			
Outdoor power equipment stores	44421	1			1			
Food and beverage stores	445	6		6				
Grocery stores	4451	2						
Convenience stores	44512	2						
Specialty food stores	4452	1		1				
Fruit and vegetable markets	44523	1		1				
Beer, wine, and liquor stores	4453	3		3				
Beer, wine, and liquor stores	44531	3		3				
Health and personal care stores	446	1	1					
Health and personal care stores	4461	1	1					
Pharmacies and drug stores	44611	1	1					
Gasoline stations	447	2	1					
Gasoline stations	4471	2	1					
Gasoline stations with convenience stores	44711	2	1					
Transportation and warehousing		19	15	1				
Truck transportation	484	14	13					

Table 2. Number of fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Tennessee 2014 - continued

					Event or	exposure ²		
Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Transport- ation incidents ³	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
General freight trucking	4841	10	9					
General freight trucking, long-distance	48412	9	8					
General freight trucking, long-distance, truckload	484121	9	8					
Specialized freight trucking	4842	4	4					
Used household and office goods moving	48421	1	1					
Specialized freight (except used goods) trucking, local	48422	1	1					
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	2		1				
Taxi and limousine service	4853	2		1				
Taxi service	48531	2		1				
Couriers and messengers	492	3			1			
Couriers	4921	3			1			
Couriers	49211	3			1			
Information		1	1					
Information		1	1					
Publishing industries (except internet)	511	1	1					
Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers	5111	1	1					
Newspaper publishers	51111	1	1					
Financial activities		3	1					
Finance and insurance		1						
Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investments and related activities	523	1						
Other financial investment activities	5239	1						
Investment advice	52393							
Real estate and rental and leasing			1					-
Rental and leasing services	532	1	1					-
Consumer goods rental	5322	1	1					-
Consumer electronics and appliances rental	53221	1	1					

Table 2. Number of fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Tennessee 2014 - continued

					Event or	exposure ²		
Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Transport- ation incidents ³	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Professional and business services		8	1			3	1	
Administrative and waste services		8	1			3	1	
Administrative and support services Business support services Collection agencies Services to buildings and dwellings Landscaping services Carpet and upholstery cleaning services Waste management and remediation services Waste treatment and disposal Waste treatment and disposal Hazardous waste treatment and disposal	561 56144 56173 56173 56174 562 5622 56221 562211	7 1 1 4 3 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 		 	 1 1 1	1 1 1 	
Educational and health services		5		1				
Educational services Educational services Elementary and secondary schools Elementary and secondary schools	611 6111 61111	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	 	 	 		
Health care and social assistance		4		1				
Ambulatory health care services Offices of physicians Offices of physicians Offices of physicians (except mental health specialists)	621 6211 62111 621111	1 1 1	 	 	 	 	 	
Social assistance Child day care services Child day care services	624 6244 62441	1 1 1	 	1 1 1	 	 	 	

Table 2. Number of fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Tennessee 2014 - continued

			l		Event or 6	exposure	9 ²	
Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Transport- ation incidents ³	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Leisure and hospitality		4	1				1	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		1						
Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries Spectator sports Spectator sports Racetracks	711 7112 71121 711212	1	 	 	 	 	 	
Accommodation and food services		3	1	1			1	
Food services and drinking places Special food services Mobile food services Restaurants and other eating places Restaurants and other eating places Full-service restaurants Limited-service restaurants	722 7223 72233 7225 72251 722511 722513	1 2 2 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	 	 	1 1 1 	
Other services, except public administration		5		1				
Other services, except public administration		5		1				
Personal and laundry services Personal care services Hair, nail, and skin care services	812 8121 81211	1 1 1		1 1 1				
Nail salons Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations Religious organizations	812113 813 8131	3	 	1 	 			
Religious organizations Business, professional, labor, political, and similar organizations Business associations Political organizations	81311 8139 81391 81394	1 2 1	 1	 	 	 		

Table 2. Number of fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Tennessee 2014 - continued

					Event or 6	exposure	.2	
Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Transport- ation incidents ³	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Government ⁶		14	9	1	1			1
Federal government		1		1				
Service providing		1		1				
Public administration		1		1				
Public administration		1		1				
National security and international affairs	928	1		1				
National security and international affairs	9281	1		1				
National security	92811	1		1				
State government		2	1		1			
Service providing		2	1		1			
Educational and health services		1			1			
Educational services		1			1			
Educational services	611	1			1			
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113				1			
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	61131	1			1			
Public administration		1	1					
Public administration		1	1					
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	1	1					
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	1	1					
Courts	92211	1	1					
Local government		11	8					1
Service providing		11	8					1

Table 2. Number of fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Tennessee 2014 - continued

					Event or	exposure ²		
Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Transport- ation incidents ³	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Trade, transportation, and utilities		1						1
Utilities		1						1
Utilities Natural gas distribution Natural gas distribution	221 2212 22121	1 1 1	 	 	 	 	 	1 1 1
Professional and business services		2	2					
Administrative and waste services		2	2					
Administrative and support services Services to buildings and dwellings Landscaping services	561 5617 56173	1 1	1 1		 	 		
Waste management and remediation services	562	1	1					
Waste collection	5621	1	1					
Waste collection Solid waste collection	56211 562111	1 1	1 1			 		
Educational and health services		3	1					
Educational services			1					
Educational services	611		1					
Elementary and secondary schools Elementary and secondary schools	6111 61111		1					
Health care and social assistance		1						
Hospitals General medical and surgical hospitals	622 6221	1						
General medical and surgical hospitals General medical and surgical hospitals	62211	1						
Public administration		5	5					

Table 2. Number of fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Tennessee 2014 - continued

				exposure ²	posure²			
Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Transport- ation incidents ³	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Public administration		5	5					
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	5	5					
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	5	5					
Police protection	92212	4	4					
Fire protection	92216	1	1					

¹ CFOI has used several versions of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) since 2003 to define industry. For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our definitions page at http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfdef.htm.

NOTE: Data are preliminary. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with state, New York City, District of Columbia, and federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, September 04, 2015.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.

³ Includes roadway, nonroadway, air, water, rail fatal occupational injuries, and fatal occupational injuries resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

⁴ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁵ Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

⁶ Includes fatal injuries to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

Table 3. Number of fatal occupational injuries by occupation and event or exposure, Tennessee, 2014

				Event or	exposure ²	2	
Occupation ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Transport- ation incidents ³	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total	124	56	15	16	23	9	5
Management occupations	11	8		2			
Advertising, marketing, promotions, public relations, and sales managers	1	1					
Public relations and fundraising manager	1	1					
Public relations and fundraising manager	1	1					
Other management occupations	10	7		2			
Farmers, ranchers, and other agricultural managers	7	5		2			
Farmers, ranchers, and other agricultural managers	7	5		2			
Construction managers	1	1					
Construction managers	1	1					
Education administrators	1	1					
Education administrators, elementary and secondary school	1	1					
Medical and health services managers	1						
Medical and health services manages	1						
Computer and mathematical occupations	1						
Computer specialists	1						
Computer occupations	1						
Computer support specialists	1						
Computer user support specialists	1						
Education, training, and library occupations	2	1		1			
Librarians, curators, and archivists	1			1			
Librarians	1			1			
Librarians	1			1			
Other education, training, and library occupations	1	1					
Teacher assistants	1	1					
Teacher assistants	1	1					

Table 3. Number of fatal occupational injuries by occupation and event or exposure, Tennessee, 2014 - continued

		Event or exposure ²							
Occupation ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Transport- ation incidents ³	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions		
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	3								
Health diagnosing and treating practitioners	3								
Physicians and surgeons	1								
Family and general practitioners	1								
Protective service occupations	7	6							
Fire fighting and prevention workers	1	1							
Firefighters	1	1							
Firefighters	1	1							
Law enforcement workers	4	4					-		
Detectives and criminal investigators	1	1					-		
Detectives and criminal investigators	1	1					-		
Police officers	3	3							
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	3	3					-		
Other protective service workers		1					-		
Animal control workers	1	1					-		
Animal control workers	1	1					-		
Food preparation and serving related occupations	3	1	1			1	-		
Supervisors of food preparation and serving workers	1	1					-		
First-line supervisors of food preparation and serving workers	1	1					-		
First-line supervisors of food preparation and serving workers	1	1					-		
Cooks and food preparation workers	1					1	-		
Cooks	1					1	-		
Food and beverage serving workers	1		1				-		
Fast food and counter workers	1		1				-		
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	1		1				-		
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	7	2		3			-		
Grounds maintenance workers	5	2					-		
Grounds maintenance workers	5	2					-		

Table 3. Number of fatal occupational injuries by occupation and event or exposure, Tennessee, 2014 - continued

		Event or exposure ²							
Occupation ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Transport- ation incidents ³	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions		
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	3	2							
Personal care and service occupations	2		2						
Supervisors of personal care and service workers	1		1						
First-line supervisors of personal service workers	1		1						
First-line supervisors of personal service workers	1		1						
Other personal care and service workers	1		1						
Childcare workers	1		1						
Childcare workers	1		1						
Sales and related occupations	9	1	6	1					
Supervisors of sales workers	7	1	4	1					
First-line supervisors of sales workers	7	1	4	1					
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	7	1	4	1					
Retail sales workers	2								
Cashiers	2								
Cashiers	2								
Office and administrative support occupations	4		1						
Material recording, scheduling, dispatching, and distributing workers	1	1							
Couriers and messengers	1	1							
Couriers and messengers	1	1							
Secretaries and administrative assistants	1								
Secretaries and administrative assistants	1								
Secretaries and administrative assistants, (except legal, medical, and executive)	1								
Other office and administrative support workers	1		1						
Office clerks, general	1		1						
Office clerks, general	1		1						

Table 3. Number of fatal occupational injuries by occupation and event or exposure, Tennessee, 2014 - continued

				Event or	exposure ²	2	
Occupation ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Transport- ation incidents ³	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	2						
Forest, conservation, and logging workers	2						
Logging workers	2						
Fallers	2						
Construction and extraction occupations	17	1		3	11		
Supervisors of construction and extraction workers	3						
First-line supervisors of construction trades and extraction workers	3						
First-line supervisors of construction trades and extraction workers	3						
Construction trades workers	12	1		1	9		
Carpenters	4				4		
Carpenters	4				4		
Construction laborers	5	1		1			
Construction laborers	5	1		1			
Electricians	1						
Electricians	1						
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	9				3		3
Electrical and electronic equipment mechanics, installers, and repairers	1				1		
Radio and telecommunications equipment installers and repairers	1				1		
Radio, cellular, and tower equipment installers and repairers	1				1		
Vehicle and mobile equipment mechanics, installers, and repairers	4						
Other installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3						
Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance workers	1						1
Industrial machinery mechanics	1						1
Production occupations	3					1	1
Textile, apparel, and furnishings workers	1					1	
Laundry and dry-cleaning workers	1					1	
Laundry and dry-cleaning workers	1					1	

Table 3. Number of fatal occupational injuries by occupation and event or exposure, Tennessee, 2014 - continued

				Event or	exposure	2			
Occupation ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Transport- ation incidents ³	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions		
Other production occupations	1						1		
Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers	1						1		
Mixing and blending machine setters, operators, and tenders	1						1		
Transportation and material moving occupations	42	33	1	3	3				
Air transportation workers	2	2							
Aircraft pilots and flight engineers	2	2							
Commercial pilots	2	2							
Motor vehicle operators	34	29	1						
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	32	29							
Driver/sales workers	3								
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	28	26							
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs	2		1						
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs	2		1						
Material moving workers	6								
Dredge, excavating, and loading machine operators	1								
Excavating and loading machine and dragline operators	1								
Industrial truck and tractor operators	3								
Industrial truck and tractor operators	3								

¹ CFOI has used several versions of the Standard Occupation Classification (SOC) system since 2003 to define occupation. For more information on the version used in this year, see our definitions page at http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfdef.htm.

NOTE: Data for 2014 are preliminary. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not show separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with state and federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, September, 2015.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.

³ Includes roadway, nonroadway, air, water, rail fatal occupational injuries, and fatal occupational injuries resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

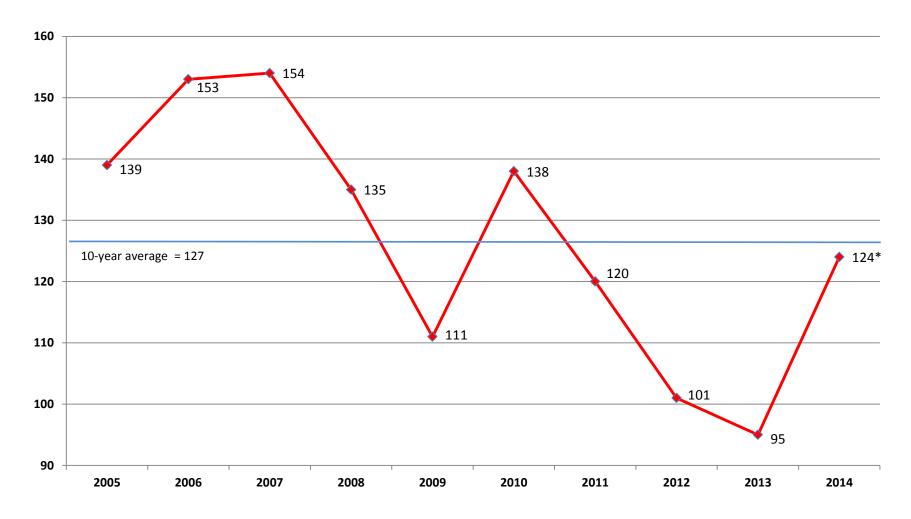
 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 4}}$ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁵ Includes fatal injuries to persons identified as resident armed forces regardless of individual occupation listed.

Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries Tennessee, 2014 Charts

Chart 1. Number of fatal occupational injuries

Tennessee, 2005 - 2014

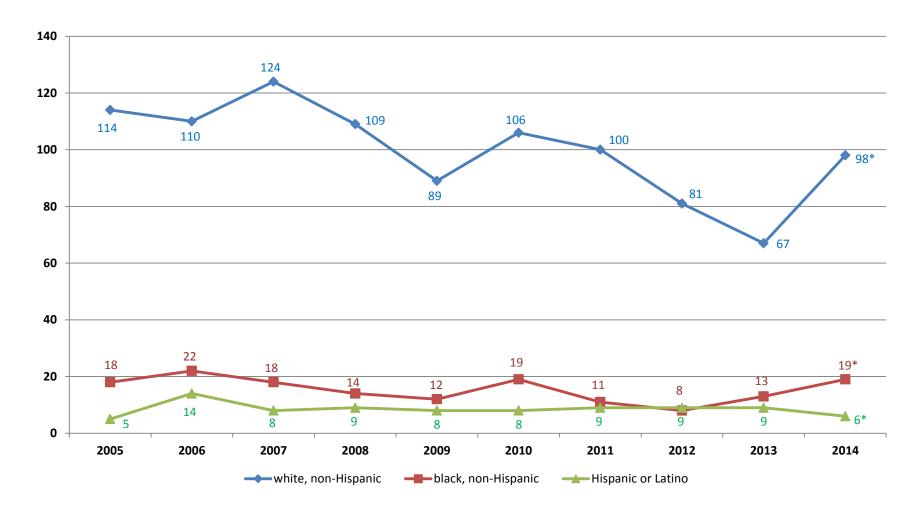


The total number of fatal occupational injuries in Tennessee increased 30 percent from 2013 to 2014. The preliminary count of 124 work-related fatalities in 2014 reversed a three year trend of declining work-related fatalities in Tennessee.

^{*} Data for 2014 are preliminary.

Chart 2. Number of fatal occupational injuries by selected race or ethnic origin

Tennessee, 2005 - 2014

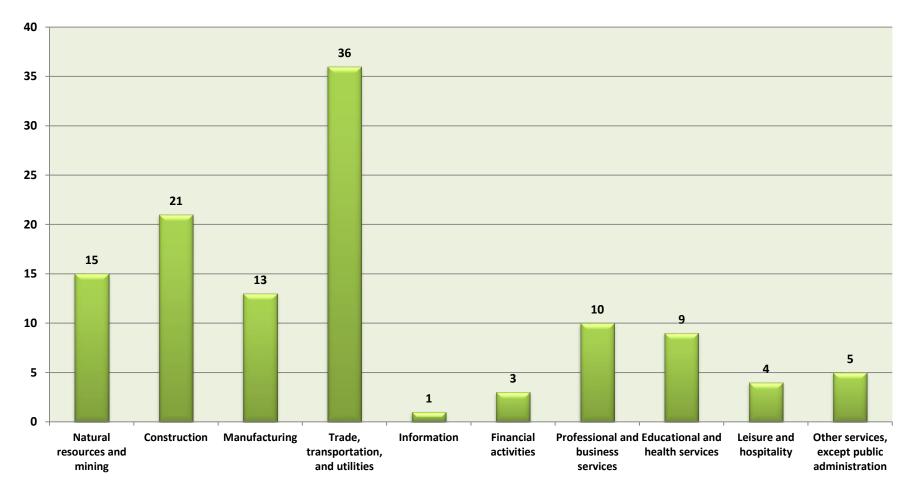


From 2013 to 2014, fatal occupational injuries in Tennessee increased by 30 percent. Fatal occupational injuries to white, non-Hispanics and to black, non-Hispanics both increased 46 percent. Fatal occupational injuries to Hispanic or Latino workers decreased 33 percent.

^{*} Data for 2014 are preliminary.

Chart 3. Number of fatal occupational injuries in selected industries

Tennessee, 2014 (124* fatalities)

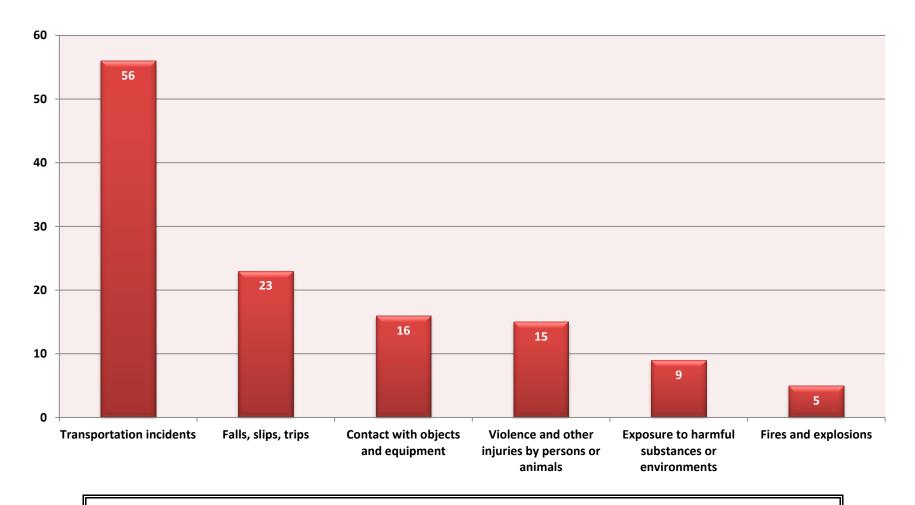


There were a preliminary number of 124 fatal occupational injuries in Tennessee during 2014. Twenty-nine percent were recorded in the industry category of trade, transportation, and utilities. This category includes wholesale trade, retail trade, and transportation and warehousing.

^{*} Data for 2014 are preliminary.

Chart 4. Number of fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure

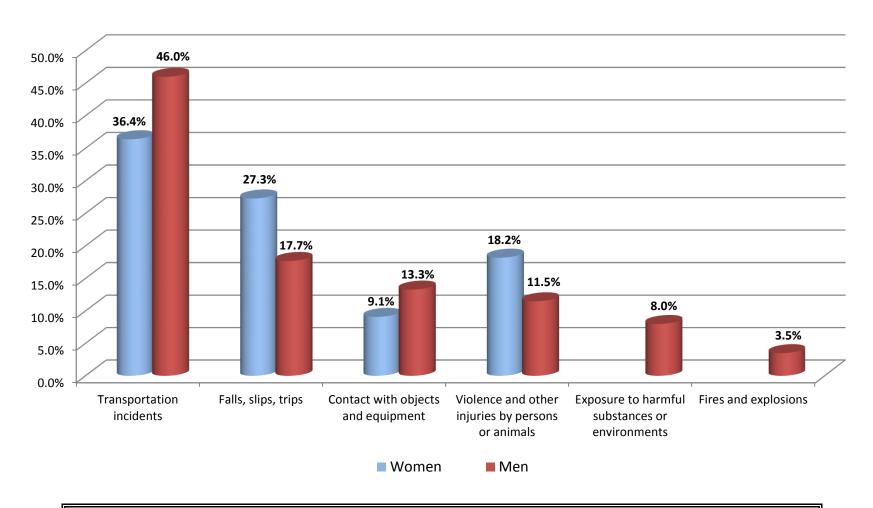
Tennessee, 2014 (124* fatalities)



Forty-five percent of the 124 fatal occupational injuries in Tennessee during 2014 were the result of a transportation incident in which one or more vehicles was in normal operation. The second highest percentage of fatal occupational injuries occurred as a result of falls, slips, or trips. These events accounted for 18 percent of the work-related fatalities during 2014.

^{*} Data for 2014 are preliminary.

Chart 5. Percent distribution of fatal occupational injuries by event and gender Tennessee, 2014 (124* fatalities)

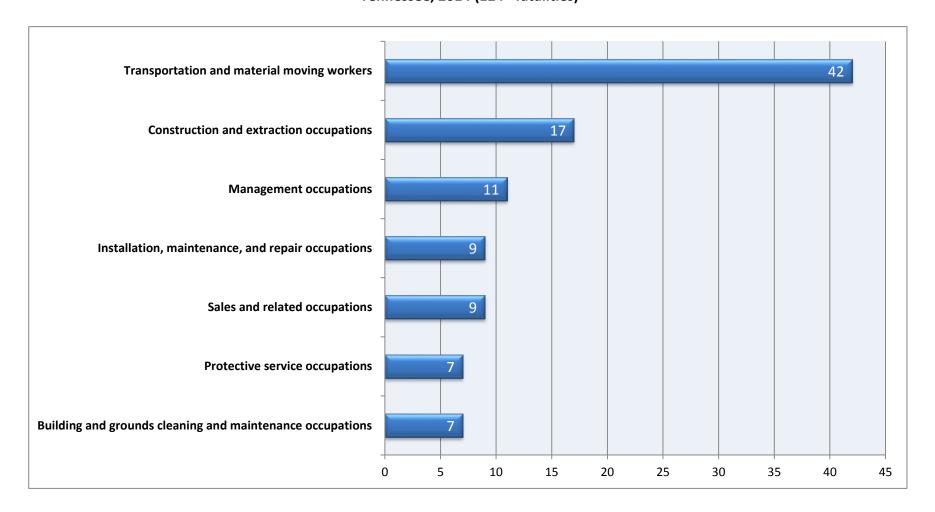


During 2014, there were 113 fatal occupational injuries to men and 11 fatal occupational injuries to women workers in Tennessee. Transportation incidents were the leading cause of work-related fatalities to both men and women. Forty-six percent of all fatal work injuries to men were the result of these incidents and 36 percent of the fatalities to women were also attributed to transportation incidents.

^{*} Data for 2014 are preliminary.

Chart 6. Number of fatal occupational injuries by major occupational group

Tennessee, 2014 (124* fatalities)

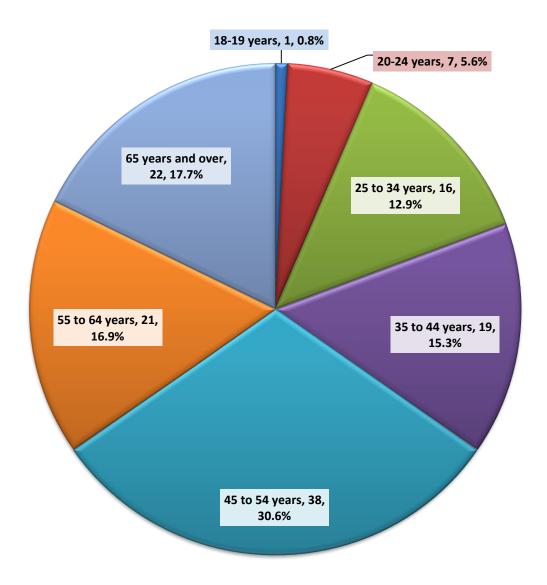


Transportation and material moving workers sustained the greatest number of work-related fatalities in Tennessee during 2014. They registered a total of 42 fatalities or 34 percent of the 124 total occupational fatalities for the census year.

^{*} Data for 2014 are preliminary.

Chart 7. Number and percent distribution of fatal occupational injuries by age group

Tennessee, 2014 (124* fatalities)

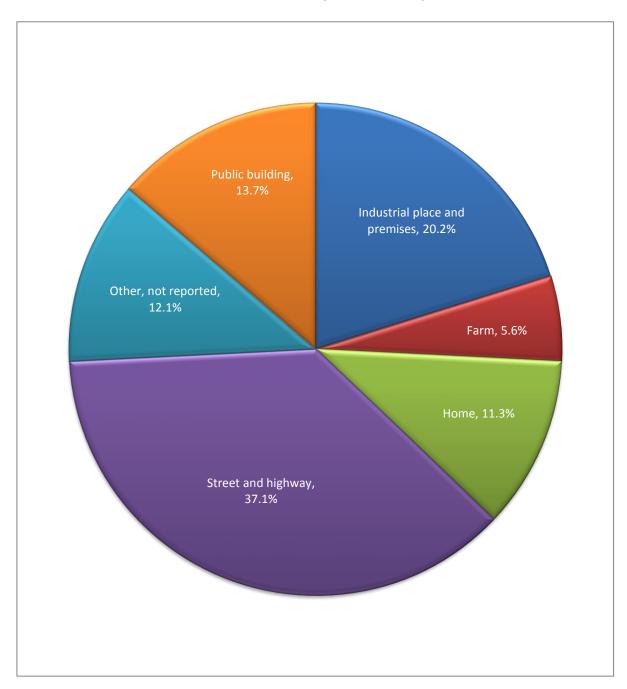


Fatal occupational injuries in Tennessee during 2014 were most frequent among workers between the ages of 45 and 54 years of age. These workers sustained 38 work-related fatalities during the survey year or 30 percent of the 124 recorded in Tennessee.

^{*} Data for 2014 are preliminary.

Chart 8. Percent distribution of fatal occupational injuries by location of event

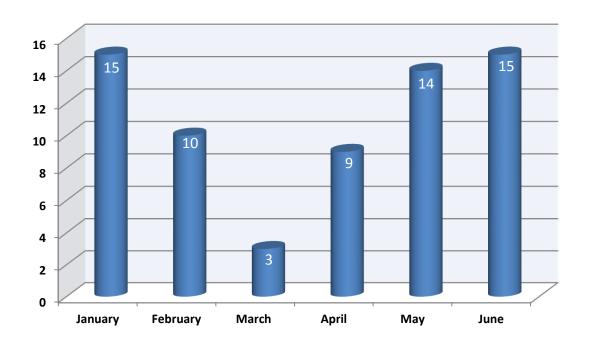
Tennessee, 2014 (124* fatalities)

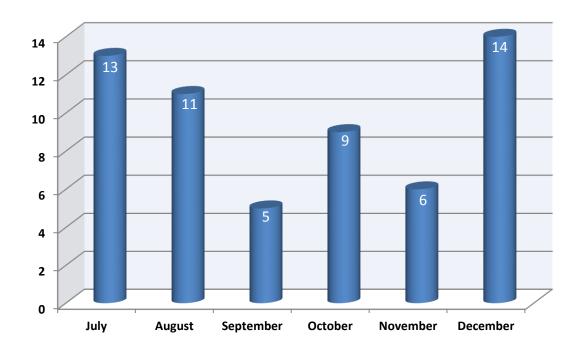


There were 46 work-related fatalities in Tennessee during 2014 where the event occurred on a street or highway. This was the location for 37 percent of all the work-related fatalities. Industrial places including factories, plants, and industrial yards were the locations where the second highest number of fatalities occurred.

^{*} Data for 2014 are preliminary.

Chart 9. Number of fatal occupational injuries by month of death Tennessee, 2014 (124* fatalities)

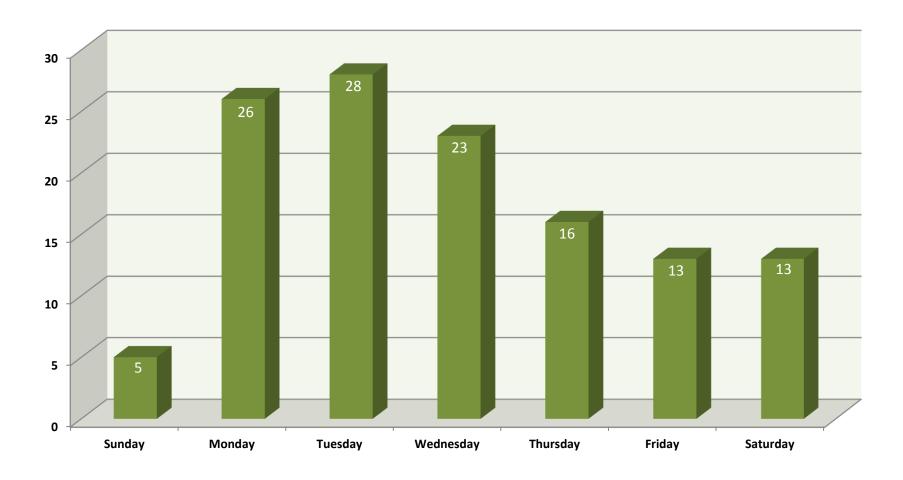




During 2014, there were 124 fatal occupational injuries in Tennessee. Of these, there were 66 during the first half of the calendar year and 58 during the second half of the year.

^{*} Data for 2014 are preliminary.

Chart 10. Number of fatal occupational injuries by day of incident Tennessee, 2014 (124* fatalities)



There were 124 fatal occupational injuries in Tennessee during 2014. Sixty-two percent of the fatal injuries occurred on Monday, Tuesday, or Wednesday and 38 percent of the injured workers were injured on Thursday, Friday, Saturday, or Sunday.

^{*} Data for 2014 are preliminary.

Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries United States, 2014 Tables

Table 4. Number of fatal occupational injuries by state and event or exposure, United States, 2013-2014

	Total fata	al injuries ¹			Event or ex	cposure ⁴		
		,	VC-1	T			Exposure to	Control - 21
State of injury	2013²		Violence and other	Transport-	Fires and	Falls,	harmful	Contact with
	(revised)	2014³ p	injuries by persons	ation	explosions	slips,	substances or	objects and
	(,		or animals⁵	incidents ⁶	capitosionis	trips	environments	equipment
total	4,585	4,679	749	1,891	137	793	390	708
	4,505	4,073	743	1,031	137	733	330	700
Alabama	78	70	17	29		8	5	8
Alaska	32	30	7	16				3
Arizona	95	86	16	33		12	14	9
Arkansas	63	67	7	33	3	12	4	8
California	396	334	72	116	3	69	34	37
Colorado	65	83	12	41		9	6	14
Connecticut	29	33	8	11	1	8	3	2
Delaware	11	11	3	8				
District of Columbia	25	11	5					3
Florida	239	221	37	78		50	39	15
Georgia	117	148	32	59		30	3	22
Hawaii	11	31	4	14		7		3
Idaho	30	34	3	18		3		6
Illinois	176	163	31	58		30	11	31
Indiana	127	127	25	52	12	16	7	15
lowa	72	90	6	32	3	25	5	19
Kansas	55	69	8	30		12	6	11
Kentucky	86	82	12	35		14	7	14
Louisiana	114	120	17	58	8	15	9	13
Maine	19	18		11				6
Maryland	79	73	24	21		12	4	11
Massachusetts	57	51	11	17	2	11	2	8
Michigan	135	138	31	49	3	23	11	21
Minnesota	69	62	8	25		9	5	14
Mississippi	68	71	8	30	4	11	9	9
Missouri	118	106	11	42		23	6	22
Montana	28	27	3	9		9	1	5
Nebraska	39	54	7	25	2	9	1	10
Nevada	42	40	10	10		6	6	7
New Hampshire	14	17	4	6		3	3	
New Jersey	102	85	11	35	3	24		10
New Mexico	54	50	6	31				7
New York (inc NYC)	178	203	38	69	8	34	16	38
New York City	56	78	25	14	4	20	7	8
North Carolina	109	128	16	46	6	24	18	18
North Dakota	56	38		17		6	3	10
Ohio	149	184	31	62	5	34	17	35
Oklahoma	92	91	4	60	5	7	3	12
Oregon	49	69	12	29	1	10	4	13
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	183	175	23	74	8	25	16	29
South Carolina	10	10		 25		6		
	75 20	62	14	25	4	11	4	4
South Dakota Tennessee	20	28	 4.F	12		8		5
Texas	95 500	124 524	15 66	56	5 24	23 67	9	16 76
Utah	508 37	524 54	66 7	237 22	24	67 2	53 9	76 12
Vermont	7	54 8		4		3	9 	
Virginia	128	8 116	20	4 52		18	7	19
Washington	128 56	86	20 15	23		18 16	9	21
West Virginia	61	38	3	12		10	4	8
Wisconsin	97	97	15	38		16	5 5	8 22
Wyoming	26	37	6	36 16		9		3
¹ State totals include other					se shown senar		-	J

State totals include other events and exposures, such as bodily reaction, in addition to those shown separately.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with state, NYC, District of Columbia, and federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries.

² Totals for 2013 are revised and final. Preliminary 2013 data issued September 11, 2014 reported a total of 4,405 fatal work injuries for calendar year 2013. Since then, an additional 180 job-related fatal injuries were identified, bringing the total job-related fatal injury count for 2013 to 4,585. Includes four fatal injuries that occurred within the territorial boundaries of the United States, but a State of incident could not be determined.

³ Includes five fatal injuries that occurred within the territorial boundaries of the United States, but a State of incident could not be determined.

⁴ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.

⁵ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injuries, and attacks by animals.
6 Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, and rail fatal injuries, and fatal injuries resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

p Data for 2014 are preliminary. Revised and final 2014 data are scheduled to be released in spring 2016.

NOTE: Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

Table 5. Number of fatal occupational injuries by worker characteristics and event or exposure

United States, 2014 (4,679* fatalities)

-	2014										
				Event or e	xposure ¹						
Selected worker characteristics	Total fatalities (number)	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals ²	Transport- ation incidents ³	Fires and explosions	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Contact with objects and equipment				
Total	4,679	749	1,891	137	793	390	708				
Employee status											
Wage and salary⁴	3,632	539	1,562	110	582	325	504				
Self-employed⁵	1,047	210	329	27	211	65	204				
Gender											
Men	4,320	638	1,754	129	737	371	683				
Women	359	111	137	8	56	19	25				
Age											
Under 16 years	8		8								
16 to 17 years	13	1	10	1							
18 to 19 years	41	4	20			7	9				
20 to 24 years	289	57	120	10	24	35	43				
25 to 34 years	742	135	297	27	91	81	111				
35 to 44 years	838	170	307	25	110	96	127				
45 to 54 years	1,127	194	451	39	189	80	171				
55 to 64 years	965	117	416	20	200	71	139				
65 years and over	656	71	262	14	179	20	107				
Race or ethnic origin ⁶											
White (non-Hispanic)	3,174	460	1,315	86	534	265	506				
Black or African-American (non-Hispanic)	457	109	202	16	41	37	50				
Hispanic or Latino	789	108	278	28	177	76	121				
American Indian or Alaska Native (non-Hispanic)	33		16		4	3	6				
Asian (non-Hispanic)	134	60	38	5	17		13				
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander (non-Hispanic)	5										

¹ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.

NOTE: Data are preliminary. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatality counts exclude illness related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with state, New York City, District of Columbia, and federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, October 16, 2015.

² Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injuries, and attacks by animals.

³ Includes roadway, nonroadway, air, water, rail fatal occupational injuries, and fatal occupational injuries resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

⁴ May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation.

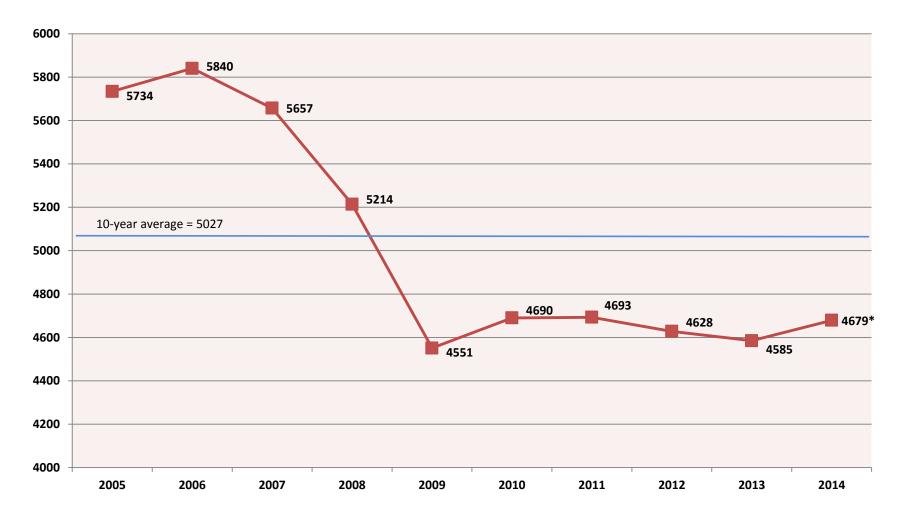
⁵ Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

⁶ Persons identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. The race categories shown exclude data for Hispanics and Latinos.

Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries United States, 2014 Charts

Chart 11. Number of fatal occupational injuries

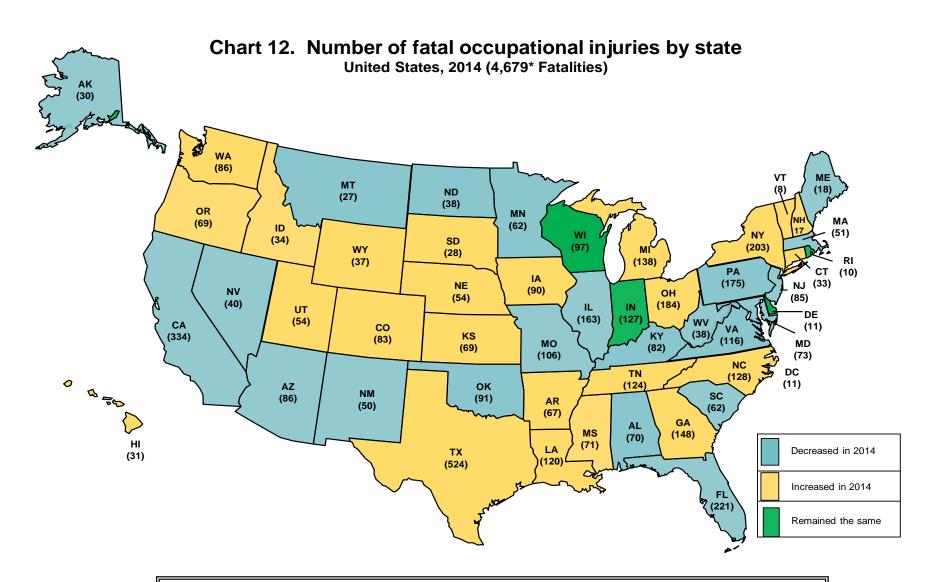
United States, 2005 - 2014



The preliminary count of fatal occupational injuries in the United States during 2014 is 4,679. This represents a two percent increase over the updated count of 4,585 recorded during 2013. This preliminary count is well below the ten year average of 5,027.

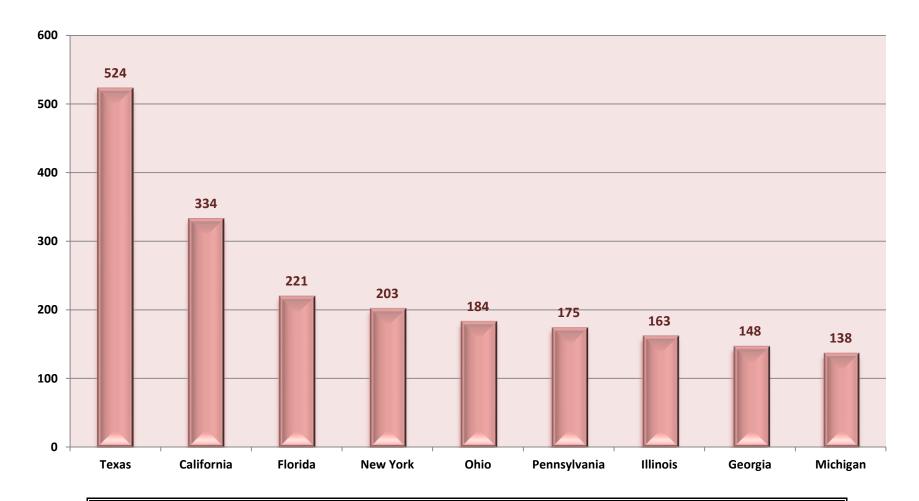
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, October 2015.

^{*} Data for 2014 are preliminary.



Twenty-four states had counts showing more fatal workplace injuries in 2014 compared to 2013. There were 22 states and the District of Columbia which had fewer fatal work injuries in 2014 than in 2013 and four states had fatal counts that remained the same. *Data for 2014 are preliminary. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015.

Chart 13. States with the greatest number of fatal occupational injuries
United States, 2014 (4,679* fatalities)



The nine states with the greatest number of fatal occupational injuries in the United States during 2014 accounted for 2,090 of the 4,679 total fatalities. This represents 45 percent of the total number of work related fatalities

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, October 2015.

^{*} Data for 2014 are preliminary.

Section II

Survey of Nonfatal Occupational Injuries and Illnesses 2014

INTRODUCTION

The passage of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (Public Law 91-596) created an extensive and detailed set of regulations applying to all private employers in the United States who were not covered by previous safety legislation. The Tennessee Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1972 replaces the Federal Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 as it applies to private employers in Tennessee and also extends coverage to state and local government units.

The United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), was given the responsibility of developing a comprehensive safety and health statistical program. To achieve this, the BLS, in cooperation with many state agencies, conducts an annual Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII). The data collected from the employers is used to estimate the numbers, incidence rates, and seriousness of work-related injuries and illnesses. In Tennessee, the data collected by the Tennessee Department of Labor and Workforce Development in cooperation with the BLS provides the statistics necessary to identify the industries, occupations, and worker groups having relatively high risks of job-related injury or illness.

The Labor Research and Statistics Division, after reviewing the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, verifies the accuracy of the data. They then analyze the results and create the charts, tables, and other graphical illustrations to demonstrate their research findings. The methods for displaying the data are intended to aid in audience understanding and are written to ensure the confidentiality of the surveyed companies. We would greatly appreciate any suggestions and/or comments pertaining to the information contained in this publication, including what you would like to see in coming years.

Until 1992, the survey identified industries with high-incidence rates, but shed little light on the characteristics of workplace incidents. Beginning in 1992, the annual survey was expanded to provide additional detailed information on workplace injuries and illnesses. This information included worker and case-characteristic data on nonfatal injuries and illnesses resulting in days away from work. With the more detailed information, employers as well as safety and health organizations can better define and focus on areas of special interest.

Data for mining industry are provided by the U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration. Railroad transportation data are provided by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Farm employers in Tennessee with no more than 10 employees and self-employed persons with no employees are exempt from participation in the annual survey. This publication presents occupational injury and illness data for all other Tennessee employers with at least one employee.

The Tennessee Department of Labor and Workforce Development wishes to express its appreciation to the many employers who responded to the survey and without whose cooperation this publication would not have been possible.

METHODS FOR CALCULATING INCIDENCE RATES

Employers can compute their company's injury and illness rate by multiplying the number of injuries (N) by 200,000 (base rate of 40 hours per week for 50 weeks for 100 full-time equivalent workers), and dividing by the number of hours (H) worked by all employees during the year. The calculator entry would be Nx200,000÷H=.

Total Cases Incidence Rates

The total cases incidence rate is the number of recordable injuries and illnesses for a company based on 100 full-time equivalent employees. Using your OSHA 300 log, add columns H (cases with days away from work), I (cases with job transfer or restriction), and J (other recordable cases). Multiply the sum by 200,000 and then divide the product by the total number of hours worked by all employees for the calendar year. Remember that each case is to be classified in only one column, (either G, H, I, or J) based on the seriousness of that case. Days away from work are always considered to be more serious than transferred or restricted duty, even though the restricted days may be greater in number than the number of days away from work. You do, however, enter the actual number of days away from work as well as the actual number of restricted or transferred days in columns K and L on your OSHA 300 log.

worksheet					
Number of all		Number of hours		Incidence rate	
injuries and illnesses		worked by all		for total cases	
(Columns H + I + J)		employees			
	x 200,000 ÷		=		

DART (Days Away, Restricted or Transferred) Incidence Rates

The DART incidence rate is the rate for the total number of cases involving days away from work <u>and</u> cases that have restricted or transferred duty. (This was formerly known as lost time incidence rates.) Using the OSHA 300 log, add columns H (cases with days away from work) and I (cases with job transfer or restrictions). Multiply the sum by 200,000 and divide the product by the total number of hours worked by all employees for the calendar year.

worksheet				
Number of all lost time injuries and illnesses (Columns H + I)		Number of hours worked by all employees		Incidence rate for DART cases
	x 200,000 ÷		=	

Survey of Nonfatal Occupational Injuries and Illnesses Tennessee, 2014 Tables

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry sector and case type

Tennessee, 2012 - 2014

	Tata		- ا ما ما			Cases	with day	s away fro	om work,	or restric	tion		Otha		ما ما ما
Industry sector ²	Tota	l record cases	abie		Total			with days	,	Cases with job transfer or restriction			Otne	r record	заріе
	2014	2013	2012	2014	2013	2012	2014	2013	2012	2014	2013	2012	2014	2013	2012
All industries including state and local government	3.3	3.4	3.7	1.6	1.7	1.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.7	1.8	1.8
Private industry ⁴	3.2	3.3	3.5	1.6	1.6	1.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.9	1.6	1.7	1.7
Goods producing ⁴	3.8	3.8	3.8	2.0	2.1	2.1	1.0	1.1	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.8	1.7	1.7
Natural resources and mining ⁴¹⁵	2.5	2.5	4.9	1.5	1.4	2.0	0.8	0.9	1.3	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.9	1.1	2.9
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting ⁴	2.7	2.5	5.3	1.6	1.1	1.5	0.9	0.7	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.5	1.2	1.3	3.8
Mining ⁵	2.0	2.6	4.2	1.5	1.9	2.7	0.8	1.1	1.9	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.7	1.5
Construction	3.9	3.2	2.7	1.7	2.0	1.7	1.2	1.4	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.7	2.1	1.2	1.0
Manufacturing	3.8	4.1	4.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.8	1.9	1.9
Service providing	3.0	3.2	3.4	1.5	1.5	1.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.8	1.6	1.7	1.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁶	3.4	3.9	3.7	2.1	2.2	2.2	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.3	1.7	1.5
Wholesale trade	3.4	3.4	3.7	2.1	1.9	2.1	1.0	1.2	0.9	1.1	0.7	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.5
Retail trade	3.0	4.0	3.5	1.7	2.0	1.9	0.7	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.3	2.0	1.6
Transportation and warehousing ⁶	3.9	4.1	3.9	2.7	2.9	2.6	1.8	2.0	1.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	1.3	1.2	1.3
Utilities	2.0	4.5	8.1	0.8	1.9	4.9	0.7	1.4	4.3		0.5		1.2	2.6	3.2
Information	1.3	2.6	2.8	0.6	1.1	1.6	0.4	0.6	1.1	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.7	1.5	1.2
Finance, Insurance, and real estate	1.2	1.1	2.3	0.7	0.3	1.4	0.4	0.2		0.4	0.1		0.5	0.8	0.9
Professional and business services	1.5	1.3	1.6	0.7	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.8	0.7	0.7
Educational and health services	4.5	4.6	4.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	2.8	2.7	2.8
Educational services	2.6	2.2	2.4	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.4	1.5	1.4	1.6
Health care and social assistance	4.7	4.8	5.0	1.8	2.0	2.0	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	2.9	2.9	3.0
Leisure, entertainment, and hospitality	3.6	3.4	3.8	1.4	1.1	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.6	2.3	2.3	2.6
Other services, except public administration	2.4	2.1	2.5	0.8	0.8	1.3	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.7	1.5	1.2	1.2
State and local government	4.1	4.2	4.7	2.0	2.1	2.3	1.3	1.4	1.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	2.1	2.2	2.4
State government	1.8	2.6	2.8	1.0	1.4	1.5	0.9	1.1	1.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.7	1.2	1.3
Local government	4.7	4.7	5.3	2.2	2.3	2.5	1.4	1.4	1.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	2.5	2.5	2.8

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time equivalent workers and were calculated as (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. Data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping effective January 1, 2012; therefore estimates in these industries are not comparable to other industries.

Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System- United States, 2012) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities.

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, Tennessee, 2014

		Total		days away fror		Other recordable cases
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including state and local government⁵		3.3	1.6	0.9	0.7	1.7
Private industry⁵		3.2	1.6	0.8	0.8	1.6
Goods producing⁵		3.8	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.8
Natural resources and mining ⁵¹⁶		2.5	1.5	0.8	0.7	0.9
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting⁵		2.7	1.6	0.9	0.7	1.2
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁶		2.0	1.5	0.8	0.7	0.5
Construction		3.9	1.7	1.2	0.5	2.1
Construction		3.9	1.7	1.2	0.5	2.1
Construction of buildings Nonresidential building construction Heavy and civil engineering construction	236 2362 237	1.2 4.8	0.5 0.6 2.1	 1.5		1.3 0.6 2.7
Highway, street, and bridge construction Specialty trade contractors Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors Poured concrete foundation and structure contractors	2373 238 2381	4.4 2.0	2.4 2.1 0.8	1.6 1.5 		2.3 1.2
Roofing contractors Building equipment contractors	23811 23816 2382	5.8	1.6 0.7 3.0	2.3		2.8
Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors Building finishing contractors Other specialty trade contractors	23822 2383 2389		3.2 0.9 1.7	2.0 0.6 0.9		3.6 2.2 1.8
Manufacturing		3.8	2.1	0.9	1.2	1.8
Manufacturing		3.8	2.1	0.9	1.2	1.8

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, Tennessee, 2014 - continued

			Cases with	days away fron	n work, job	
	NAICS	Total	tra	nsfer, or restrict		Other
Industry ²	code ³	recordable		Cases with	Cases with job	recordable
	Code	cases	Total	days away	transfer or	cases
				from work⁴	restriction	
Food manufacturing	311	3.8	2.1	0.7	1.4	1.7
Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty food manufacturing	3114	4.0	1.9	0.8	1.1	2.1
Animal slaughtering and processing	3116	4.3	2.6	0.8	1.9	1.7
Animal slaughtering and processing	31161	4.3	2.6	0.8		1.7
Poultry processing	331615	4.0	2.6	0.3	2.3	1.4
Bakeries and tortilla manufacturing	3118	3.7	2.7	1.0	1.6	1.0
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	5.7	3.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
Textile mills	313	4.1	2.6	2.1	0.5	1.5
Textile product mills	314	3.5	2.2		1.7	1.3
Apparel manufacturing	315	4.0	1.5	0.9	0.5	2.5
Cut and sew apparel manufacturing	3152	4.6	1.6	1.1	0.5	3.0
Wood product manufacturing	321	7.2	3.4	2.1	1.3	3.9
Other wood product manufacturing	3219	7.4	3.0		1.5	4.4
Paper manufacturing	322	2.3	1.4	0.7	0.7	0.9
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	3221	1.9	1.3	0.9		0.5
Converted paper product manufacturing	3222	2.4	1.4	0.6	0.8	1.0
Paperboard container manufacturing	32221	2.4	1.7	0.6	1.2	0.6
Printing and related support activities	323	2.4	1.6	0.8	0.8	0.8
Printing and related support activities	3231	2.4	1.6	0.8	0.8	0.8
Printing	32311	2.2	1.6	0.8	0.8	0.6
Commercial printing (except screen and books)	323111	2.1	1.6	0.8	0.8	0.5
Chemical manufacturing	325	2.3	1.4	0.6	0.8	0.9
Basic chemical manufacturing	3251	1.8	1.2		0.6	0.6
Resin, synthetic rubber, and artificial synthetic fibers and filaments mfg.	3252	1.9	0.8	0.2	0.6	1.1
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	4.3	2.5	1.3	1.2	1.7
Plastics product manufacturing	3261	5.3	3.1	1.8	1.3	2.2
Rubber product manufacturing	3262	2.9	1.8	0.7	1.1	1.1
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	4.8	3.0	1.1	1.9	1.8
Glass and glass product manufacturing	3272	4.5	2.3	0.8	1.5	2.2
Cement and concrete product manufacturing	3273	4.3	2.6	1.9		1.7
Primary metal manufacturing	331	5.3	2.6	0.9	1.7	2.7
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	4.2	2.1	0.9	1.2	2.0

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, Tennessee, 2014 - continued

	NAICS	Total		days away fron		Other
Industry ²	code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Architectural and structural metals manufacturing	3323	5.0	2.0	0.6	1.4	3.0
Other fabricated metal product manufacturing	3329	2.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	1.2
Machinery manufacturing	333	3.3	1.9	0.8	1.1	1.4
Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery manufacturing	3331	3.1	1.5	0.6		1.7
Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning, and commercial refrigeration equipment manufacturing	3334	4.5	3.0	0.9	2.0	1.6
Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning, and commercial refrigeration equipment manufacturing	33341	4.5	3.0	0.9	2.0	1.6
Air-conditioning and warm air heating equipment and commercial and industrial refrigeration equipment manufacturing	333415	4.7	3.2	1.0	2.2	1.5
Other general purpose machinery manufacturing	3339	2.9	1.5	0.8	0.7	1.4
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	1.9	0.8	0.3	0.5	1.1
Household appliance manufacturing	3352	2.1	0.8	0.3	0.6	1.2
Electrical equipment manufacturing	3353	2.3	0.8	0.3	0.5	1.5
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	4.5	2.2	0.8	1.4	2.2
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	4.1	2.4	0.9	1.6	1.7
Motor vehicle gasoline engine and engine parts manufacturing	33631	2.5	1.6	0.6		0.9
Motor vehicle seating and interior trim manufacturing	33636	5.5	2.9	1.3	1.6	2.6
Other motor vehicle parts manufacturing	33639	3.5	2.0	0.6	1.4	1.5
Ship and boat building	3366	4.2	2.5		2.1	1.7
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	6.5	3.9	1.4	2.5	2.6
Household and institutional furniture and kitchen cabinet manufacturing	3371	4.2	2.5	0.5	1.9	1.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	2.6	1.7	0.9	0.8	0.8
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391	2.2	1.8	1.0	0.8	0.4
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	33911	2.2	1.8	1.0	0.8	0.4
Surgical appliance and supplies manufacturing	339113	1.9	1.5	0.8	0.7	0.4
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	3.0	1.7	0.9	0.8	1.3
Service providing		3.0	1.5	0.8	0.7	1.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		3.4	2.1	1.1	1.0	1.3
Wholesale trade		3.4	2.1	1.0	1.1	1.3

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, Tennessee, 2014 - continued

	NAICS	Total		days away fron	· =	Other
Industry ²	code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	3.5	1.9	0.8		1.6
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	4.0	2.7	1.4	1.3	1.2
Retail trade		3.0	1.7	0.7	1.0	1.3
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	2.4	1.4	1.0	0.5	0.9
Automobile dealers	4411	2.0	0.9	0.7	0.2	1.1
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	3.7	2.3	1.3	1.0	1.4
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	4.1	2.9	1.1	1.8	1.2
Building material and supplies dealers	4441	4.6	3.1	1.1	2.0	1.4
Food and beverage stores	445	3.7	2.3	0.9	1.4	1.4
Health and personal care stores	446	1.5	0.9			0.6
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	1.1	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.7
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	2.0	0.8		0.6	1.2
General merchandise stores	452	4.0	2.1	0.8		1.9
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	5.4	2.2	1.2	0.9	3.2
Nonstore retailers	454	1.6	1.0		0.9	0.6
Transportation and warehousing ⁸		3.9	2.7	1.8	0.9	1.3
Air transportation	481	8.1	7.2	5.7	1.6	0.9
Rail transportation ⁸	482	1.2	0.9	0.9		
Truck transportation	484	3.9	2.4	1.7	0.7	1.4
General freight trucking	4841	4.4	2.6	1.8	0.9	1.8
General freight trucking, long-distance	48412	4.7	2.8	1.9	0.9	1.9
General freight trucking, long-distance, truckload	484121	4.2	2.3	1.8	0.5	1.9
Specialized freight trucking	4842	2.2	1.8	1.4	0.4	0.4
Specialized freight (except used goods) trucking, long-distance	48423	2.1	1.6	1.5		0.5
Support activities for transportation	488	3.5	2.4	1.4	1.0	1.1
Couriers and messengers	492	5.8	4.6	3.4	1.2	1.3
Warehousing and storage	493	2.4	1.6	0.7	0.9	0.8
Warehousing and storage	4931	2.4	1.6	0.7	0.9	0.8

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, Tennessee, 2014 - continued

		Total		days away fror		Other recordable cases
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Utilities		2.0	0.8	0.7		1.2
Information		1.3	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.7
Information		1.3	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.7
Publishing industries (except internet) Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers Broadcasting (except internet) Telecommunications	511 5111 515 517	2.1 2.6 1.2 1.1	1.1 1.4 0.3 0.8	 0.3 0.4	 0.4	1.0 1.2 0.9 0.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate		1.2	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.5
Finance and insurance		0.6	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4
Real estate and rental and leasing		3.1	2.3	1.2	1.2	0.7
Professional and business services		1.5	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.8
Professional, scientific, and technical services		1.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.9
Management of companies and enterprises		0.8	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.5
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation svcs.		2.1	1.2	0.7	0.5	0.9
Administrative and support services Investigation and security services Services to buildings and dwellings Waste management and remediation services	561 5616 5617 562	2.1 1.7 3.9 1.4	1.2 0.8 2.1 1.0	0.8 0.6 1.4 0.4		0.9 0.8 1.8 0.4
Educational and health services		4.5	1.7	0.8	0.9	2.8
Educational services		2.6	1.0	0.4	0.7	1.5
Educational services Colleges, universities, and professional schools	611 6113	2.6 2.7	1.0 1.0	0.4 0.4	0.7 0.6	1.5 1.7

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, Tennessee, 2014 - continued

	NAIGE	Total		days away fron	=	Other recordable cases
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Health care and social assistance		4.7	1.8	0.8	1.0	2.9
Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance	621 622 623 624	2.3 7.1 7.4 3.2	0.5 2.1 4.2 1.8	0.3 0.8 1.9 1.0	2.3	1.8 5.0 3.2 1.4
Leisure, entertainment, and hospitality		3.6	1.4	0.9	0.4	2.3
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		3.1	1.5	0.5	1.0	1.6
Accommodation and food services		3.7	1.3	1.0	0.4	2.3
Accommodation Food services and drinking places Restaurants and other eating places Restaurants and other eating places Full-service restaurants Limited-service restaurants	721 722 7225 72251 722511 722513	4.3 3.6 3.7 3.7 4.0 3.5	3.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.9 1.1	2.1 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.7 0.9	0.2 0.2 0.2	1.3 2.5 2.7 2.7 3.0 2.3
Other services (except public administration)		2.4	0.8	0.5	0.3	1.5
Other services (except public administration)		2.4	0.8	0.5	0.3	1.5
Repair and maintenance Personal and laundry services	811 812	2.6 2.3	0.7 0.9	0.6 0.3	0.1 0.6	1.9 1.4
State and local government⁵		4.1	2.0	1.3	0.7	2.1
State government ⁵		1.8	1.0	0.9	0.1	0.7
Service providing		1.8	1.0	0.9	0.1	0.7
Educational and health services		2.0	1.3	1.1	0.1	0.7
Educational services		1.5	0.8	0.6	0.1	0.8

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, Tennessee, 2014 - continued

	NAICS	Total		days away fron		Other	
Industry ²	code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work4	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases	
Educational services Colleges, universities, and professional schools	611 6113	1.5 1.6	0.8 0.8	0.6 0.6		0.8 0.8	
Health care and social assistance		11.6	11.3	11.3			
Hospitals	622	13.3	13.2	13.2			
Public administration		1.4	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.7	
Public administration		1.4	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.7	
Justice, public order, and safety activities Justice, public order, and safety activities Police protection	922 9221 92212	1.1 1.1 	0.9 0.9 	0.9 0.9 		 	
Local government ⁵		4.7	2.2	1.4	0.8	2.5	
Goods producing ⁵		6.4	4.0	3.1	0.9	2.4	
Service providing		4.7	2.2	1.4	0.8	2.5	
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		5.6	3.2	1.0	2.1	2.4	
Transportation and warehousing ⁸		1.6					
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485						
Utilities		5.9	3.3	1.1	2.2	2.6	
Utilities Water, sewage and other systems	221 2213	5.9 5.2	3.3 1.7	1.1 	2.2 1.4	2.6 3.5	
Educational and health services		3.6	1.4	0.9	0.5	2.2	
Educational services		2.9	1.1	0.7	0.4	1.8	
Educational services	611	2.9	1.1	0.7	0.4	1.8	

Table 7. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, Tennessee, 2014 - continued

Industry ²	NAICS	Total	Cases with trai	Other		
	NAICS code³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Health care and social assistance		6.4	2.7	1.8	0.9	3.7
Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	622 623	6.2 8.7	2.3 4.2	1.6 1.9		
Public administration		6.3	3.4	2.3	1.2	2.9
Public administration		6.3	3.4	2.3	1.2	2.9
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	6.9	3.4	1.2	2.2	3.6
Justice, public order and safety activities	9221	6.9	3.4	1.2	2.2	3.6
Police protection	92212	8.9	4.8	2.0	2.7	4.1
Fire protection	92216	8.0	4.0		2.9	4.0

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dashes indicate data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, September 29, 2015.

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

^{200,000 =} base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2012.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System, 2012 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; the reference estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

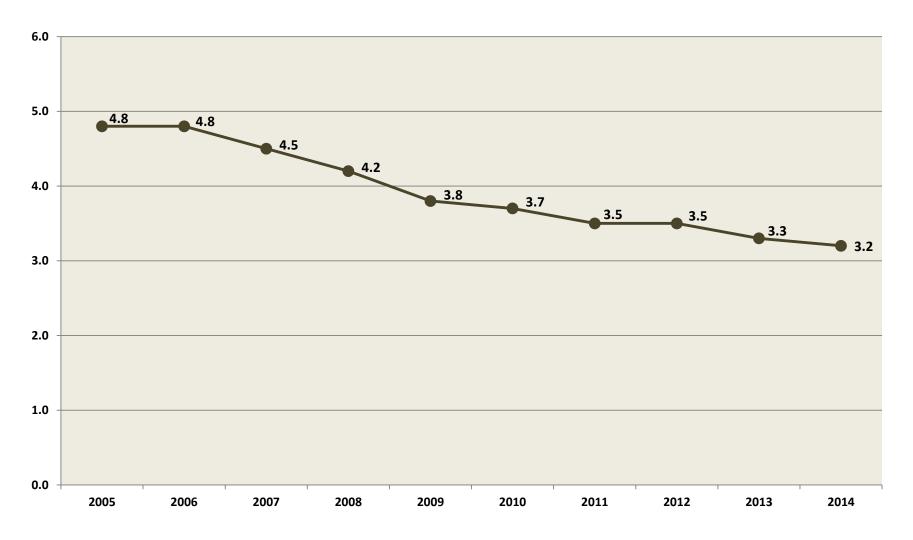
⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Data too small to be displayed.

Survey of Nonfatal Occupational Injuries and Illnesses Tennessee, 2014 Charts

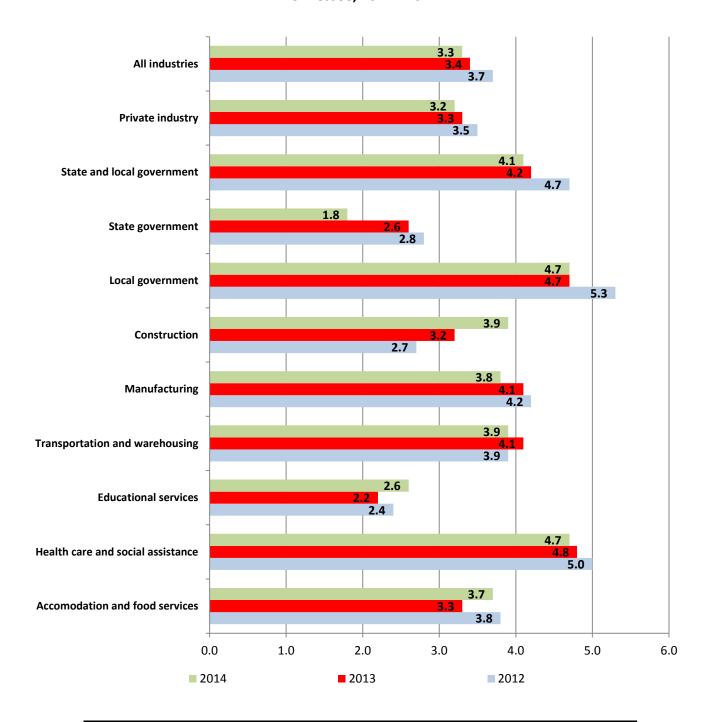
Chart 14. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses
Tennessee, private industry, 2005-2014



Over the past ten years, the incidence rate for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses has declined by 33 percent in Tennessee. The rate has fallen from 4.8 recordable occupational injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time equivalent workers in 2005 to a rate of 3.2 in 2014.

Chart 15. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by select industry sectors

Tennessee, 2012 - 2014

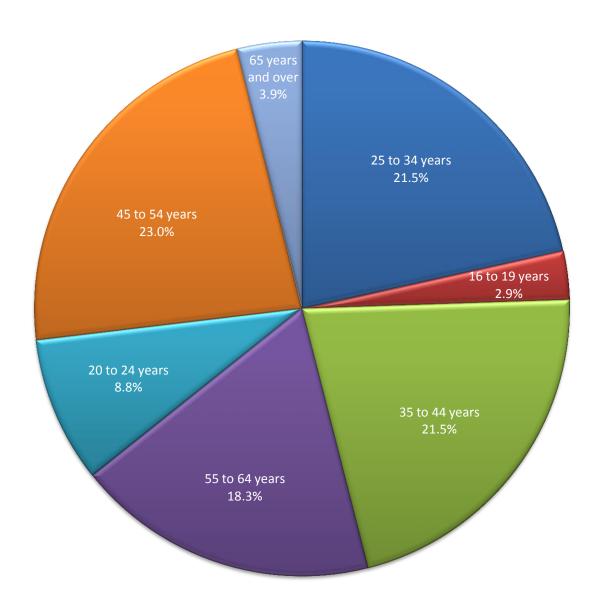


In each of the past three years, local government industries had the highest incidence rate in Tennessee followed by state government. Private industry and the lowest incidence rates during the same time frame.

NOTE: Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Tennessee Department of Labor, October, 2015.

Chart 16. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by employee age group

Tennessee, all ownerships, 2014 (Total cases = 19,610)

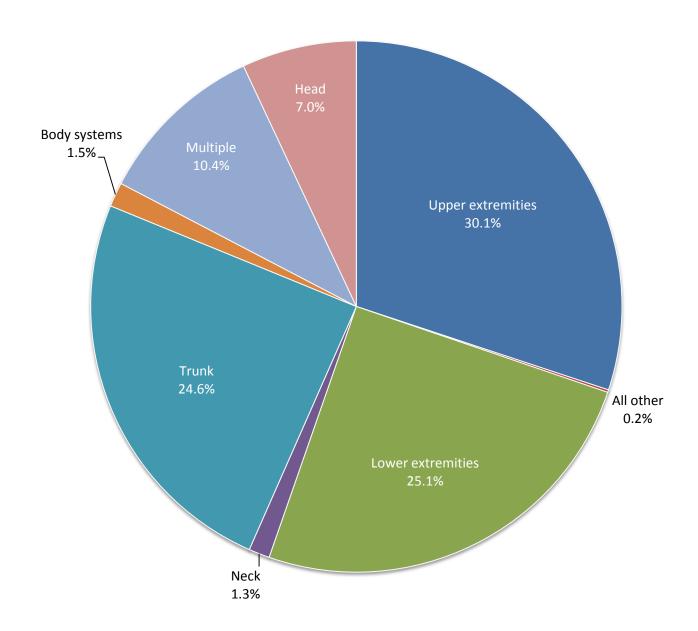


Workers between the ages of 25 and 44 experienced 66 percent of all nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses resulting in days away from work in Tennessee during 2014.

NOTE: Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Chart 17. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by major part of body affected

Tennessee, all ownerships, 2014 (Total cases = 19,610)

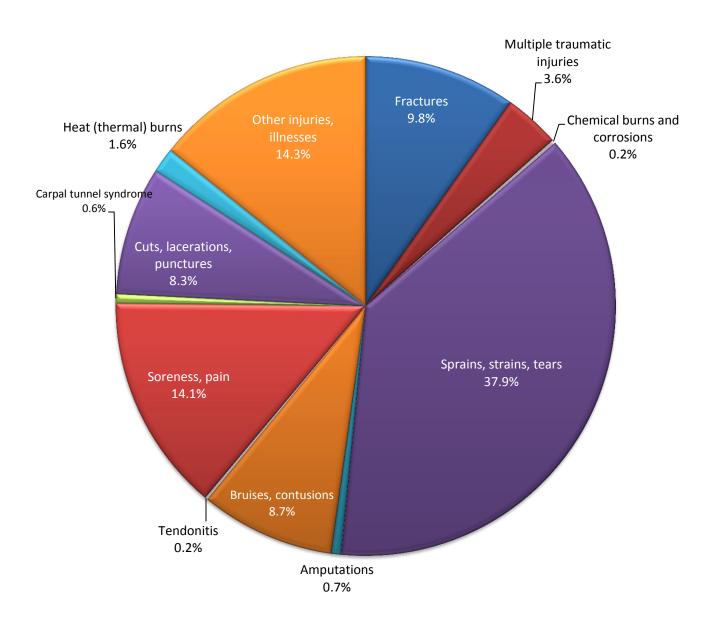


Injury and illness cases resulting in days away from work were most prevalent when the injured part of body was in the upper extremities. When the injured part of body was in the trunk, 71 percent of the cases were injuries to a region of the back.

NOTE: Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Chart 18. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by nature of injury or illness

Tennessee, all ownerships, 2014 (Total Cases = 19,610)



Occupational injury and illnesses cases resulting in days away from work were most commonly associated with injuries listed as sprains, strains, or tears. This type of injury accounted for 38 percent of all days away from work cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Survey of Nonfatal Occupational Injuries and Illnesses United States, 2014, Tables

Table 8. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by state

United States, private industry, 2014

State / Territory	Incidence rate
Alabama	2.9
Alaska	3.9
Arizona	3.0
Arkansas	2.6
California	3.4
Connecticut	3.5
Delaware	2.6
District of Columbia	1.6
Georgia	2.9
Guam	3.7
Hawaii	3.7
Illinois	2.8
Indiana	3.8
Iowa	3.9
Kansas	3.4
Kentucky	3.7
Louisiana	2.0
Maine	5.3
Maryland	3.1
Massachusetts	2.7
Michigan	3.6
Minnesota	3.6
Missouri	3.2

Montana 4.5 Nebraska 3.5 Nevada 4.0 New Jersey 2.9 New Mexico 3.2 New York 2.5 North Carolina 2.7 Ohio 2.9 Oregon 3.9 Pennsylvania 3.7 Puerto Rico 3.4 South Carolina 2.8 Tennessee 3.2 Texas 2.4 Utah 3.2 Vermont 5.0 Virgin Islands 1.4 Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9 Wyoming 3.5	State / Territory	Incidence
Nebraska 3.5 Nevada 4.0 New Jersey 2.9 New Mexico 3.2 New York 2.5 North Carolina 2.7 Ohio 2.9 Oregon 3.9 Pennsylvania 3.7 Puerto Rico 3.4 South Carolina 2.8 Tennessee 3.2 Texas 2.4 Utah 3.2 Vermont 5.0 Virgin Islands 1.4 Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9		rate
Nevada 4.0 New Jersey 2.9 New Mexico 3.2 New York 2.5 North Carolina 2.7 Ohio 2.9 Oregon 3.9 Pennsylvania 3.7 Puerto Rico 3.4 South Carolina 2.8 Tennessee 3.2 Vermonssee 3.2 Vermont 5.0 Virgin Islands 1.4 Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	Montana	4.5
New Jersey 2.9 New Mexico 3.2 New York 2.5 North Carolina 2.7 Ohio 2.9 Oregon 3.9 Pennsylvania 3.7 Puerto Rico 3.4 South Carolina 2.8 Tennessee 3.2 Texas 2.4 Utah 3.2 Vermont 5.0 Virgin Islands 1.4 Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	Nebraska	3.5
New Mexico 3.2 New York 2.5 North Carolina 2.7 Ohio 2.9 Oregon 3.9 Pennsylvania 3.7 Puerto Rico 3.4 South Carolina 2.8 Tennessee 3.2 Texas 2.4 Utah 3.2 Vermont 5.0 Virgin Islands 1.4 Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	Nevada	4.0
New York 2.5 North Carolina 2.7 Ohio 2.9 Oregon 3.9 Pennsylvania 3.7 Puerto Rico 3.4 South Carolina 2.8 Tennessee 3.2 Texas 2.4 Utah 3.2 Vermont 5.0 Virgin Islands 1.4 Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	New Jersey	2.9
North Carolina 2.7 Ohio 2.9 Oregon 3.9 Pennsylvania 3.7 Puerto Rico 3.4 South Carolina 2.8 Tennessee 3.2 Texas 2.4 Utah 3.2 Vermont 5.0 Virgin Islands 1.4 Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	New Mexico	3.2
Ohio 2.9 Oregon 3.9 Pennsylvania 3.7 Puerto Rico 3.4 South Carolina 2.8 Tennessee 3.2 Texas 2.4 Utah 3.2 Vermont 5.0 Virgin Islands 1.4 Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	New York	2.5
Oregon 3.9 Pennsylvania 3.7 Puerto Rico 3.4 South Carolina 2.8 Tennessee 3.2 Texas 2.4 Utah 3.2 Vermont 5.0 Virgin Islands 1.4 Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	North Carolina	2.7
Pennsylvania 3.7 Puerto Rico 3.4 South Carolina 2.8 Tennessee 3.2 Texas 2.4 Utah 3.2 Vermont 5.0 Virgin Islands 1.4 Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	Ohio	2.9
Puerto Rico 3.4 South Carolina 2.8 Tennessee 3.2 Texas 2.4 Utah 3.2 Vermont 5.0 Virgin Islands 1.4 Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	Oregon	3.9
South Carolina 2.8 Tennessee 3.2 Texas 2.4 Utah 3.2 Vermont 5.0 Virgin Islands 1.4 Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	Pennsylvania	3.7
Tennessee 3.2 Texas 2.4 Utah 3.2 Vermont 5.0 Virgin Islands 1.4 Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	Puerto Rico	3.4
Texas 2.4 Utah 3.2 Vermont 5.0 Virgin Islands 1.4 Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	South Carolina	2.8
Utah 3.2 Vermont 5.0 Virgin Islands 1.4 Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	Tennessee	3.2
Vermont5.0Virgin Islands1.4Virginia2.7Washington4.6West Virginia4.0Wisconsin3.9	Texas	2.4
Virgin Islands 1.4 Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	Utah	3.2
Virginia 2.7 Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	Vermont	5.0
Washington 4.6 West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	Virgin Islands	1.4
West Virginia 4.0 Wisconsin 3.9	Virginia	2.7
Wisconsin 3.9	Washington	4.6
	West Virginia	4.0
Wyoming 3.5	Wisconsin	3.9
	Wyoming	3.5

The following states do not participate in the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses program: Colorado, Florida, Idaho, Mississippi, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, and South Dakota.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State, New York City, District of Columbia, and Federal agencies. Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, October 2015.

Table 9. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry sector and case type
United States, 2012 - 2014

	Tota	al record	dable			Cases				or restric			Othe	r record	dable
Industry sector ²	1000	cases	Jubic		Total			with days	•	Cases	with job t	ransfer	Othe	cases	JUDIC
madstry sector		cases			fro			from work³		or restriction			Cases		
	2014	2013	2012	2014	2013	2012	2014	2013	2012	2014	2013	2012	2014	2013	2012
All industries including state and local government ⁴	3.4	3.5	3.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.6	1.7	1.8
Private industry⁴	3.2	3.3	3.4	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.5	1.6	1.6
Goods producing⁴	3.8	3.9	4.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.7	1.7	1.8
Natural resources and mining ⁴¹⁵	3.8	3.9	3.9	2.3	2.4	2.3	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.5	1.6	1.5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting⁴	5.5	5.7	5.5	3.3	3.4	3.3	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.3	1.3	2.2	2.3	2.2
Mining ⁵	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.3	1.3	1.3	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.8
Construction	3.6	3.8	3.7	2.0	2.2	2.1	1.3	1.5	1.5	0.6	0.7	0.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Manufacturing	4.0	4.0	4.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.8	1.9
Service providing	3.0	3.1	3.2	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.4	1.5	1.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁶	3.6	3.8	3.9	2.2	2.2	2.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.5	1.6
Wholesale trade	2.9	3.1	3.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.1	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.3
Retail trade	3.6	3.8	4.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.6	1.7	1.8
Transportation and warehousing ⁶	4.8	4.7	4.9	3.4	3.3	3.4	2.3	2.2	2.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.5
Utilities	2.4	2.1	2.8	1.3	1.1	1.4	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.6	1.2	1.0	1.4
Information	1.4	1.5	1.4	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.7	0.6
Finance, Insurance, and real estate	1.2	1.3	1.3	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.7	0.7	0.7
Professional and business services	1.5	1.6	1.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.7	8.0	0.8
Educational and health services	4.2	4.4	4.5	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.9	2.2	2.4	2.4
Educational services	2.1	2.0	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.3	1.2	1.2	1.1
Health care and social assistance	4.5	4.7	4.8	2.1	2.2	2.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	0.9	0.9	1.0	2.4	2.5	2.6
Leisure, entertainment, and hospitality	3.6	3.8	3.9	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.6	2.1	2.2	2.3
Other services, except public admin.	2.5	2.5	2.5	1.2	1.2	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.2	1.3	1.2
State and local government	5.0	5.2	5.6	2.3	2.3	2.4	1.7	1.7	1.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	2.7	2.8	3.2
State government	4.1	3.9	4.4	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.7	1.6	1.7	0.4	0.5	0.4	2.0	1.9	2.3
Local government	5.4	5.7	6.1	2.3	2.4	2.5	1.7	1.7	1.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	3.0	3.2	3.6

 $^{^{1}}$ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as (N/EH) x 200,000 where

Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. Data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping effective January 1, 2012; therefore estimates in these industries are not comparable to other industries.

Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

^{200,000 =} base for 100 full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System - United States, 2012) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities.

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014

Total		days away fror	=	Other recordable cases
recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work4	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
3.4	1.8	1.1	0.7	1.6
3.2	1.7	1.0	0.7	1.5
3.8	2.2	1.1	1.0	1.7
3.8	2.3	1.3	1.0	1.5
5.5	3.3	1.8	1.5	2.2
5.5 5.0 4.7 6.1 5.5 5.8 7.1 6.6 7.8 6.2 9.0 7.5	3.3 2.8 3.6 3.3 3.2 4.4 3.8 4.7 3.5 6.6 5.0	1.6 2.2 1.1 2.1 1.5 1.8 2.5 2.7 2.5 2.7 2.9	1.1 1.7 1.6 1.9 1.4 1.9 1.1 2.2 0.8 3.6	2.3 1.8 1.9 2.5 2.2 2.6 2.7 2.8 3.1 2.7 2.4
8.1 7.2 5.1	3.9 3.8 2.1	3.2 2.3 1.9	0.7 1.4	4.2 3.5 2.9
4.9 2.0	2.3 4.1 1.5	2.1 	0.2 0.3	2.9 2.9 0.8 0.6
4.5 4.6 4.6 1.5	2.7 2.8 2.8 0.8	1.5 1.5 0.4	1.4 1.4 	1.8 1.8 1.8 0.6 2.0
	2.0 4.5 4.6 4.6	2.01.54.52.74.62.84.62.81.50.8	2.0 1.5 1.0 4.5 2.7 1.4 4.6 2.8 1.5 4.6 2.8 1.5 1.5 0.8 0.4	2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 4.5 2.7 1.4 1.3 4.6 2.8 1.5 1.4 4.6 2.8 1.5 1.4 1.5 0.8 0.4

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICE	Total	Cases with trai	Other		
Industry ²	NAICS code³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Postharvest crop activities (except cotton ginning)	115114	5.0	3.1	1.2	1.9	1.9
Farm labor contractors and crew leaders	115115	4.8	2.9	1.7	1.2	1.9
Farm management services	115116	5.4	3.4	2.2	1.2	1.9
Support activities for animal production	1152	3.6	2.2	1.3		1.5
Support activities for forestry	1153	3.1	1.3	1.1	0.2	1.8
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁶		2.0	1.3	0.8	0.4	0.7
Oil and gas extraction	211		0.8	0.6	0.2	0.5
Oil and gas extraction	2111		0.8	0.6	0.2	0.5
Oil and gas extraction	21111		0.8	0.6	0.2	0.5
Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction	211111		0.8	0.7	0.2	0.5
Natural gas liquid extraction	211112	1.4	0.4	0.3		1.0
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁷	212	2.8	1.9	1.4	0.5	0.9
Coal mining ⁷	2121	3.8	2.5	2.3	0.2	1.3
Coal mining ⁷	21211	3.8	2.5	2.3	0.2	1.3
Bituminous coal and lignite surface mining ⁷	212111	1.8	1.2	1.0	0.1	0.6
Bituminous coal underground mining ⁷	212112	5.3	3.4	3.2	0.3	1.9
Anthracite mining ⁷	212113	5.8	3.7	3.1		2.1
Metal ore mining ⁷	2122	2.2	1.5	0.9	0.6	0.6
Iron ore mining ⁷	21221	3.1	2.2	1.2	1.0	0.9
Gold ore and silver ore mining ⁷	21222	2.1	1.5	0.9	0.6	0.6
Gold ore mining ⁷	212221	1.8	1.3	0.8	0.5	0.6
Silver ore mining ⁷	212222	4.1	2.9	1.6	1.4	1.2
Copper, nickel, lead, and zinc mining ⁷	21223	1.8	1.3	0.7	0.6	0.5
Lead ore and zinc ore mining ⁷	212231	4.1	2.8	0.9	1.8	1.3
Copper ore and nickel ore mining ⁷	212234	1.5	1.1	0.6	0.4	0.4
Other metal ore mining ⁷	21229	2.3	1.7	1.3	0.4	0.6
Uranium-radium-vanadium ore mining ⁷	212291					
All other metal ore mining ⁷	212299	2.2	1.6	1.3		0.6
Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying ⁷	2123	2.2	1.5	0.9	0.6	0.7
Stone mining and quarrying ⁷	21231	2.4	1.6	1.0	0.7	0.8

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICS	Total		days away fror	=	Other
Industry ²	NAICS code³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Dimension stone mining and quarrying ⁷	212311	3.2	2.4	1.5	0.9	0.8
Crushed and broken limestone mining and quarrying ⁷	212312	2.3	1.5	0.9	0.7	0.8
Crushed and broken granite mining and quarrying ⁷	212313	1.9	1.3	0.9	0.5	0.6
Other crushed and broken stone mining and quarrying ⁷	212319	2.6	1.6	1.0	0.6	0.9
Sand, gravel, clay, and ceramic and refractory minerals mining and quarrying ⁷	21232	2.0	1.4	0.8	0.5	0.7
Construction sand and gravel mining ⁷	212321	2.1	1.4	0.9	0.5	0.7
Kaolin and ball clay mining ⁷	212324	1.4	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.6
Clay and ceramic and refractory minerals mining ⁷	212325	2.9	2.1	1.2	1.0	0.7
Other nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying ⁷	21239	2.0	1.3	0.8	0.5	0.6
Potash, soda, and borate mineral mining ⁷	212391	1.5	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.5
Phosphate rock mining ⁷	212392	1.6	1.2	0.6	0.5	
Other chemical and fertilizer mineral mining ⁷	212393	2.9	1.9	1.3	0.6	1.0
All other nonmetallic mineral mining ⁷	212399	2.1	1.4	0.8	0.6	0.7
Support activities for mining	213	1.8	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.7
Support activities for mining	2131	1.8	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.7
Support activities for mining	21311	1.8	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.7
Drilling oil and gas wells	213111	2.5	1.5	0.7	0.8	1.0
Support activities for oil and gas operations	213112	1.6	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.6
Construction		3.6	2.0	1.3	0.6	1.6
Construction		3.6	2.0	1.3	0.6	1.6
Construction of buildings	236	3.3	1.9	1.3	0.6	1.4
Residential building construction	2361	4.1	2.6	2.0		1.6
Nonresidential building construction	2362	2.7	1.4	0.8		
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	3.0	1.7	1.1	0.7	1.3
Utility system construction	2371	2.6	1.5	1.0		1.1
Water and sewer line and related structures construction	23711	3.5	2.1	1.4	0.7	1.4
Oil and gas pipeline and related structures construction	23712	1.8	0.9	0.7	0.3	0.8
Power and communication line and related structures construction	23713	2.4	1.5	0.9	0.5	0.9

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

		Total	Cases with	Other		
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work4	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Land subdivision	2372	2.1	1.1	1.0	0.1	1.0
Highway, street, and bridge construction	2373	3.8	2.3	1.2	1.0	1.5
Other heavy and civil engineering construction	2379	3.1	1.6	1.2	0.4	1.5
Specialty trade contractors	238	3.8	2.0	1.4	0.6	1.8
Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors	2381	4.6	2.7	1.7	0.9	2.0
Poured concrete foundation and structure contractors	23811	4.6	2.1	1.2	0.9	
Structural steel and precast concrete contractors	23812	5.2	3.0	2.0	1.0	2.3
Framing contractors	23813	5.5	3.6	2.3	1.2	2.0
Masonry contractors	23814	3.2	1.9	1.2	0.8	1.3
Glass and glazing contractors	23815	4.4	1.8	1.2	0.6	2.6
Roofing contractors	23816	5.3	3.5	2.3	1.3	1.7
Siding contractors	23817	5.9	4.4	3.6	0.8	1.5
Other foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors	23819		1.7	1.3	0.4	2.0
Building equipment contractors	2382	3.6	1.8	1.2	0.6	1.8
Electrical contractors and other wiring installation contractors	23821	3.0	1.4	1.0	0.4	1.6
Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors	23822	4.1	2.1	1.3	0.8	2.0
Other building equipment contractors	23829	3.6	1.8	1.2	0.6	
Building finishing contractors	2383	4.2	2.4	1.8	0.6	1.8
Drywall and insulation contractors	23831	4.7	2.5	1.4	1.0	
Painting and wall covering contractors	23832	3.7	2.1		0.4	
Flooring contractors	23833	2.5	1.8	1.6		0.7
Tile and terrazzo contractors	23834	3.9	1.9	1.4	0.5	2.0
Finish carpentry contractors	23835	4.7			0.5	
Other building finishing contractors	23839		2.8	2.4	0.5	1.5
Other specialty trade contractors	2389	3.2	1.7	1.2	0.4	1.5
Site preparation contractors	23891	2.8	1.7	1.2	0.4	1.1
All other specialty trade contractors	23899	3.6	1.7	1.2	0.4	1.9
Manufacturing		4.0	2.2	1.0	1.2	1.7
Manufacturing		4.0	2.2	1.0	1.2	1.7

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAIGC	Total	Cases with trai	Other		
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Food manufacturing	311	5.1	3.3	1.3	2.0	1.8
Animal food manufacturing	3111	5.1	3.4	1.6	1.8	1.7
Animal food manufacturing	31111	5.1	3.4	1.6	1.8	1.7
Dog and cat food manufacturing	311111	5.4	3.3	1.3	2.0	2.1
Other animal food manufacturing	311119	5.0	3.6	1.9	1.7	1.4
Grain and oilseed milling	3112	3.6	2.1	1.0	1.1	1.5
Flour milling and malt manufacturing	31121	4.3	2.7	1.5	1.2	1.6
Rice milling	311212	6.4	4.6	1.9	2.7	1.8
Starch and vegetable fats and oils manufacturing	31122	3.0	1.8	0.6	1.1	1.3
Wet corn milling	311221	2.3	1.0	0.7	0.3	1.3
Soybean and other oilseed processing	311224	2.9	1.6	0.5	1.1	1.2
Fats and oils refining and blending	311225	4.7	3.4	0.6	2.9	1.2
Breakfast cereal manufacturing	31123	4.0	2.1	1.1	1.0	1.9
Sugar and confectionery product manufacturing	3113	4.8	2.8	1.3	1.5	2.0
Sugar manufacturing	31131	5.8	3.1	1.6	1.5	2.7
Beet sugar manufacturing	311313	7.7	4.2	1.7	2.4	3.5
Cane sugar manufacturing	311314	4.1	2.1	1.5	0.6	2.0
Nonchocolate confectionery manufacturing	31134	4.7	3.1	1.3	1.8	1.6
Chocolate and confectionery manufacturing	31135	4.5	2.5	1.1	1.4	2.0
Chocolate and confectionery manufacturing from cacao beans	311351	4.1	2.8	2.3	0.5	1.3
Confectionery manufacturing from purchased chocolate	311352	4.6	2.4	0.8	1.6	2.2
Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty food manufacturing	3114	4.7	2.9	1.3	1.6	1.9
Frozen food manufacturing	31141	4.5	2.9	1.3	1.6	1.6
Frozen fruit, juice, and vegetable manufacturing	311411	6.0	3.9	1.9	2.0	2.1
Frozen specialty food manufacturing	311412	3.7	2.4	1.0	1.4	1.4
Fruit and vegetable canning, pickling, and drying	31142	5.0	2.9	1.3	1.5	2.1
Fruit and vegetable canning	311421	5.2	2.9	1.4	1.4	2.3
Specialty canning	311422	3.6	2.1	1.0	1.1	1.5
Dried and dehydrated food manufacturing	311423	5.2	3.8	1.2	2.6	1.4
Dairy product manufacturing	3115	5.2	3.5	1.6	1.9	1.7
Dairy product (except frozen) manufacturing	31151	5.4	3.7	1.7	2.0	1.8

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

		Total		days away fror	-	Other
Industry ²	NAICS code³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Fluid milk manufacturing	311511	5.6	3.8	1.8	2.0	1.8
Creamery butter manufacturing	311512	5.2	4.1	1.9	2.2	1.1
Cheese manufacturing	311513	5.8	3.9	1.7	2.2	2.0
Dry, condensed, and evaporated dairy product manufacturing	311514	3.7	2.4	0.9	1.5	1.3
Ice cream and frozen desert manufacturing	31152	3.8	2.5	1.4	1.1	1.3
Animal slaughtering and processing	3116	5.5	3.7	1.0	2.7	1.8
Animal slaughtering and processing	31161	5.5	3.7	1.0	2.7	1.8
Animal (except poultry) slaughtering	311611	7.6	4.9	1.1	3.8	2.7
Meat processed from carcasses	311612	5.2	3.6	1.2	2.4	1.6
Rendering and meat byproduct processing	311613	10.7	8.3	6.3	1.9	2.4
Poultry processing	311615	4.3	2.9	0.6	2.3	1.3
Seafood product preparation and packaging	3117	6.3	3.9	2.5	1.4	2.4
Bakeries and tortilla manufacturing	3118	4.9	3.3	1.6	1.7	1.6
Bread and bakery product manufacturing	31181	4.9	3.4	1.7	1.7	1.5
Retail bakeries	311811		1.9	1.3	0.6	1.8
Commercial bakeries	311812	5.4	4.0	1.9	2.1	1.4
Frozen cakes, pies, and other pastries manufacturing	311813	5.7	4.3	1.3	3.0	1.4
Cookie, cracker, and pasta manufacturing	31182	4.7	3.0	1.4	1.5	1.7
Cookie and cracker manufacturing	311821	4.5	2.6	1.0	1.5	1.9
Dry pasta, dough, and flour mixes manufacturing from purchased flour	311824	5.0	3.5	2.0	1.5	0.4
Tortilla manufacturing	31183	4.9	3.3	1.3	2.0	1.6
Other food manufacturing	3119	5.1	2.8	1.4	1.5	2.2
Snack food manufacturing	31191	4.3	2.9	1.1	1.8	1.4
Roasted nuts and peanut butter manufacturing	311911	5.0	3.4	1.1	2.3	1.7
Other snack food manufacturing	311919	3.9	2.7	1.1	1.6	1.2
Coffee and tea manufacturing	31192	3.7	2.4	0.9	1.5	1.3
Flavoring syrup and concentrate manufacturing	31193	2.6	1.0		0.5	1.6
Seasoning and dressing manufacturing	31194	3.8	2.4	1.0	1.4	1.5
Mayonnaise, dressing, and other prepared sauce manufacturing	311941	3.3	1.8	0.7	1.1	1.5
Spice and extract manufacturing	311942	4.2	2.7	1.1	1.6	1.5
All other food manufacturing	31199		3.4	2.0	1.4	

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICS	Total	Cases with tran	Other		
Industry ²	code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Perishable prepared food manufacturing	311991		3.9	2.4	1.5	
All other miscellaneous food manufacturing	311999	5.2	2.9	1.6	1.3	2.3
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	6.0	4.0	1.6	2.3	2.0
Beverage manufacturing	3121	6.2	4.1	1.7	2.4	2.1
Soft drink and ice manufacturing	31211	7.1	5.6	2.1	3.5	1.6
Soft drink manufacturing	312111	7.5	5.9	2.1	3.8	1.6
Bottled water manufacturing	312112	5.5	4.1	2.0	2.1	1.4
Ice manufacturing	312113	6.0	4.5	2.0	2.5	1.5
Breweries	31212	5.8	2.2	1.6	0.6	3.6
Wineries	31213	4.3	2.3	1.0	1.4	2.0
Distilleries	31214	5.3	3.4	1.0		1.9
Tobacco manufacturing	3122	3.4	2.0	1.2	0.8	1.4
Textile mills	313	3.2	1.7	0.7	1.0	1.5
Fiber, yarn, and thread mills	3131	2.8	1.6	0.7	0.9	
Fabric mills	3132	3.5	1.7	0.8	1.0	1.7
Broadwoven fabric mills	31321	2.9	1.7	0.7	1.0	1.2
Narrow fabric mills and schiffli machine embroidery	31322	6.4	1.4	0.3	1.1	
Nonwoven fabric mills	31323	3.8	2.2	1.2	1.0	1.7
Knit fabric mills	31324	2.3	1.4	0.8	0.6	0.9
Textile and fabric finishing and fabric coating mills	3133	3.0	1.7	0.7	1.0	1.2
Textile and fabric finishing mills	31331	2.5	1.4	0.3	1.1	1.1
Fabric coating mills	31332	4.4	2.6	1.8		1.8
Textile product mills	314	3.5	2.1	1.0		1.4
Textile furnishings mills	3141	3.0	1.8	0.7	1.1	1.2
Carpet and rug mills	31411	2.7	1.6	0.4	1.1	1.1
Curtain and linen mills	31412	3.6	2.3	1.1	1.2	1.3
Other textile product mills	3149	3.9	2.4	1.2	1.1	1.5
Textile bag and canvas mills	31491	2.6	1.7	1.1	0.6	0.9
All other textile product mills	31499	4.8	2.8	1.3	1.5	1.9
Rope, cordage, twine, tire cord, and tire fabric mills	314994	13.2	7.6	2.5	5.1	5.6
All other miscellaneous textile product mills	314999	3.0	1.8	1.1	0.8	1.2

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICS	Total recordable cases		days away fror	=	Other recordable cases
Industry ²	code ³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Apparel manufacturing	315	1.5	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.7
Apparel knitting mills	3151	2.1	1.3	0.5	0.8	0.8
Hosiery and sock mills	31511	2.3	1.5	0.5	1.0	0.8
Other apparel knitting mills	31519	1.7	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.8
Cut and sew apparel manufacturing	3152	1.3	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.6
Cut and sew apparel contractors	31521	1.6	0.8	0.2	0.5	0.8
Men's and boys' cut and sew apparel manufacturing	31522	1.8	1.0	0.6		0.8
Women's, girls', and infants' cut and sew apparel manufacturing	31524	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.1
Other cut and sew apparel manufacturing	31528		0.9	0.5		0.6
Apparel accessories and other apparel manufacturing	3159	3.1	1.4	0.4		1.7
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	3.9	2.2	1.0	1.1	1.7
Leather and hide tanning and finishing	3161	4.4	3.4	1.1		1.0
Footwear manufacturing	3162	5.1	2.8	1.7	1.1	2.3
Other leather and allied product manufacturing	3169	2.2	0.9	0.3	0.7	1.3
Other leather and allied product manufacturing	31699	2.2	0.9	0.3	0.7	1.3
All other leather good and allied product manufacturing	316998	2.6	1.1	0.3	0.8	1.5
Wood product manufacturing	321	6.8	3.8	1.9	1.8	3.0
Sawmills and wood preservation	3211	6.5	3.6	1.9	1.7	2.9
Sawmills and wood preservation	32111	6.5	3.6	1.9	1.7	2.9
Sawmills	321113	6.4	3.5	2.0	1.5	3.0
Wood preservation	321114	7.3	5.0	1.8	3.2	2.3
Veneer, plywood, and engineered wood product manufacturing	3212	6.0	3.3	1.7	1.7	2.6
Veneer, plywood, and engineered wood product manufacturing	32121	6.0	3.3	1.7	1.7	2.6
Hardwood veneer and plywood manufacturing	321211	4.8	2.4	1.0	1.5	2.4
Softwood veneer and plywood manufacturing	321212	3.6	2.3	1.2	1.1	1.3
Engineered wood member (except truss) manufacturing	321213	6.0	5.0	2.7	2.4	1.0
Truss manufacturing	321214	9.3	4.9	2.4	2.5	4.4
Reconstituted wood product manufacturing	321219	3.9	2.1	1.3	0.7	1.8
Other wood product manufacturing	3219	7.2	4.0	2.0	1.9	3.2
Millwork	32191	6.1	3.5	2.0	1.6	2.6
Wood window and door manufacturing	321911	5.5	3.1	1.2	1.8	2.5

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAIGE	Total recordable cases		n work, job tion	Other	
Industry ²	NAICS code³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Cut stock, resawing lumber, and planing	321912	7.1	4.2	2.6	1.6	2.9
Other millwork (including flooring)	321918	6.5	3.9	2.7	1.2	2.5
Wood container and pallet manufacturing	32192	7.7	4.1	2.0	2.1	3.6
All other wood product manufacturing	32199	8.6	4.6	2.2	2.4	4.0
Manufactured home (mobile home) manufacturing	321991	9.4	6.0	1.7	4.3	3.4
Prefabricated wood building manufacturing	321992	8.6	4.5	2.1	2.7	4.1
All other miscellaneous wood product manufacturing	321999		3.5	2.8	0.7	4.5
Paper manufacturing	322	2.9	1.7	0.9	0.9	1.1
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	3221	2.1	1.1	0.6	0.5	1.0
Paper mills	32212	2.3	1.2	0.7	0.5	1.0
Paper (except newsprint) mills	322121	2.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	1.0
Newsprint mills	322122	2.9	1.9	0.9	1.0	1.1
Paperboard mills	32213	1.9	1.1	0.4	0.6	0.8
Converted paper product manufacturing	3222	3.2	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.2
Paperboard container manufacturing	32221	2.9	1.7	0.7	0.9	1.2
Corrugated and solid fiber box manufacturing	322211	2.8	1.7	0.7	1.0	1.1
Folding paperboard box manufacturing	322212	3.2	1.8	0.7	1.1	1.4
Other paperboard container manufacturing	322219	2.9	1.5	0.8	0.7	1.4
Paper bag and coated and treated paper manufacturing	32222	3.4	2.4	1.3	1.0	1.0
Stationery product manufacturing	32223	5.1	3.7	2.0	1.7	1.5
Other converted paper product manufacturing	32229	2.9	1.6	0.8	0.8	1.2
Sanitary paper product manufacturing	322291	2.3	1.3	0.6	0.7	1.0
All other converted paper product manufacturing	322299	3.8	2.2	1.1	1.1	1.6
Printing and related support activities	323	2.5	1.5	0.8	0.7	1.0
Printing and related support activities	3231	2.5	1.5	0.8	0.7	1.0
Printing	32311	2.5	1.5	0.8	0.7	1.1
Commercial printing (except screen and books)	323111	2.5	1.4	0.8	0.7	1.1
Commercial screen printing	323113	2.2	1.3	0.7	0.5	0.9
Books printing	323117	4.1	2.6	1.0	1.6	1.5
Support activities for printing	32312	1.9	1.2	0.9	0.4	0.7
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324	1.7	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.9

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAIGS	Total recordable cases		days away fror	=	Other recordable cases
Industry ²	NAICS code ³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	3241	1.7	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.9
Petroleum refineries	32411	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.3
Asphalt paving, roofing, and saturated materials manufacturing	32412	3.6	1.2	0.6	0.6	2.4
Asphalt paving mixture and block manufacturing	324121	5.3	1.3	0.7	0.6	4.0
Asphalt shingle and coating materials manufacturing	324122	1.4	1.1	0.4	0.7	0.3
Other petroleum and coal products manufacturing	32419	3.6	2.2	1.5	0.7	1.4
Petroleum lubricating oil and grease manufacturing	324191	3.5	2.1	1.2	1.0	1.4
All other petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324199	3.8	2.3	2.1	0.2	1.5
Chemical manufacturing	325	2.3	1.4	0.7	0.7	0.9
Basic chemical manufacturing	3251	2.1	1.3	0.6	0.7	0.8
Petrochemical manufacturing	32511	0.5	0.4		0.1	0.2
Industrial gas manufacturing	32512	2.1	1.9	0.6	1.3	0.3
Synthetic dye and pigment manufacturing	32513	1.8	1.2	0.5	0.7	0.6
Other basic inorganic chemical manufacturing	32518	2.3	1.3	0.6	0.7	1.1
Other basic organic chemical manufacturing	32519	2.8	1.6	0.7	0.9	1.2
Ethyl alcohol manufacturing	325193	4.4	2.5	0.7	1.8	1.9
Cyclic crude, intermediate, and gum and wood chemical manufacturing	325194	2.6	1.8	1.4		0.8
All other basic organic chemical manufacturing	325199	2.3	1.4	0.6	0.7	1.0
Resin, synthetic rubber, and artificial synthetic fibers and filaments mfg.	3252	2.4	1.4	0.5	0.8	1.0
Resin and synthetic rubber manufacturing	32521	2.3	1.2	0.5	0.7	1.1
Plastics material and resin manufacturing	325211	1.9	0.9	0.3	0.6	1.0
Synthetic rubber manufacturing	325212	4.5	2.9	1.4	1.5	1.6
Artificial and synthetic fibers and filaments manufacturing	32522	2.8	1.9	0.7	1.2	0.9
Pesticide, fertilizer, and other agricultural chemical manufacturing	3253	3.4	1.9	1.1	0.8	1.5
Fertilizer manufacturing	32531	4.2	2.5	1.5	1.0	1.7
Nitrogenous fertilizer manufacturing	325311	5.2	3.1			2.1
Pesticide and other agricultural chemical manufacturing	32532	2.0	1.0	0.6	0.4	1.1
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	3254	2.0	1.2	0.6	0.6	0.8
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	32541	2.0	1.2	0.6	0.6	0.8
Medicinal and botanical manufacturing	325411	2.9	1.9	0.8		1.0
Pharmaceutical preparation manufacturing	325412	2.1	1.3	0.7	0.6	0.8

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICS	Total		days away fron	=	Other recordable cases
Industry ²	NAICS code³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
In-vitro diagnostic substance manufacturing	325413	1.2	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.4
Biological product (except diagnostic) manufacturing	325414	1.3	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.6
Paint, coating, and adhesive manufacturing	3255	3.1	1.7	0.8	1.0	1.3
Paint and coating manufacturing	32551	3.3	1.9	0.8	1.1	1.4
Adhesive manufacturing	32552	2.5	1.3	0.6	0.7	1.2
Soap, cleaning compound, and toilet preparation manufacturing	3256	2.3	1.5	0.9	0.6	0.7
Soap and cleaning compound manufacturing	32561	2.2	1.6	0.9	0.6	0.6
Soap and other detergent manufacturing	325611	2.5	1.8	1.2	0.7	0.7
Polish and other sanitation good manufacturing	325612	1.9	1.4	0.8		0.5
Surface active agent manufacturing	325613	1.4	0.8		0.5	0.6
Toilet preparation manufacturing	32562	2.4	1.5	0.8	0.7	0.9
Other chemical product and preparation manufacturing	3259	2.7	1.6	0.8		1.1
Printing ink manufacturing	32591	4.0	2.1	0.3	1.8	1.9
Explosives manufacturing	32592	2.0	1.4	0.7	0.7	0.6
All other chemical product and preparation manufacturing	32599	2.5	1.5	0.9	0.6	1.1
Custom compounding of purchased resins	325991	3.0	1.7	0.7	1.0	1.3
Photographic film, paper, plate, and chemical manufacturing	325992	1.7	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.5
All other miscellaneous chemical product and preparation mfg.	325998	2.6	1.5	1.1	0.4	1.1
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	4.6	2.7	1.3	1.5	1.9
Plastics product manufacturing	3261	4.7	2.7	1.3	1.4	2.0
Plastics packaging materials and unlaminated film and sheet mfg.	32611	4.4	2.8	1.6	1.2	1.6
Plastics bag and pouch manufacturing	326111	3.9	2.7	1.3	1.4	1.2
Plastics packaging film and sheet (including laminated) manufacturing	326112	3.2	1.7	0.9	0.9	1.4
Unlaminated plastics film and sheet (except packaging) manufacturing	326113	5.2	3.3	2.2	1.1	1.9
Plastics pipe, pipe fitting, and unlaminated profile shape manufacturing	32612	5.3	3.2	1.6	1.6	2.1
Unlaminated plastics profile shape manufacturing	326121	4.0	2.3	1.1	1.2	1.7
Plastics pipe and pipe fitting manufacturing	326122	6.4	4.0	2.1	1.9	2.4
Laminated plastics plate, sheet (except packaging), and shape mfg.	32613	5.3	2.7	1.0	1.6	2.6
Polystyrene foam product manufacturing	32614	6.0	2.5	1.4	1.1	3.5
Urethane and other foam product (except polystyrene) manufacturing	32615	4.9	2.6	1.2	1.4	2.3
Plastics bottle manufacturing	32616	3.1	1.6	0.7	0.9	1.5

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICC	Total recordable cases	Cases with trai	=	Other	
Industry ²	NAICS code³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Other plastics product manufacturing	32619	4.6	2.8	1.2	1.6	1.9
Plastics plumbing fixture manufacturing	326191	5.8	4.1	1.9	2.2	1.7
All other plastics product manufacturing	326199	4.6	2.7	1.2	1.5	1.9
Rubber product manufacturing	3262	4.4	2.8	1.1	1.7	1.6
Tire manufacturing	32621	4.3	3.0	1.1	1.9	1.3
Tire manufacturing (except retreading)	326211	4.2	2.9	0.9	1.9	1.3
Tire retreading	326212	5.2	4.1	2.3	1.8	1.1
Rubber and plastics hoses and belting manufacturing	32622	4.2	2.4	1.1	1.3	1.8
Other rubber product manufacturing	32629	4.5	2.8	1.2	1.6	1.7
Rubber product manufacturing for mechanical use	326291	5.1	3.0	1.3	1.7	2.0
All other rubber product manufacturing	326299	3.9	2.5	1.0	1.4	1.4
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	5.1	3.2	1.7	1.5	2.0
Clay product and refractory manufacturing	3271	5.0	2.7	1.6	1.1	2.2
Pottery, ceramics, and plumbing fixture manufacturing	32711	3.4	1.7	0.8	0.9	1.7
Clay building material and refractories manufacturing	32712	6.0	3.4	2.1	1.3	2.6
Glass and glass product manufacturing	3272	4.8	2.6	1.2	1.4	2.2
Glass and glass product manufacturing	32721	4.8	2.6	1.2	1.4	2.2
Flat glass manufacturing	327211	4.9	3.4	1.0	2.4	1.5
Other pressed and blown glass and glassware manufacturing	327212	3.3	1.5	0.8	0.7	1.9
Glass container manufacturing	327213	4.2	2.2	0.7	1.4	2.1
Glass product manufacturing made of purchased glass	327215	5.6	3.1	1.6	1.5	2.5
Cement and concrete product manufacturing	3273	6.1	4.1	2.2	1.9	2.0
Cement manufacturing	32731	3.0	1.8	0.4	1.3	1.3
Ready-mix concrete manufacturing	32732	6.3	4.5	2.6	1.9	1.8
Concrete pipe, brick, and block manufacturing	32733	3.8	2.4	1.1	1.3	1.4
Concrete block and brick manufacturing	327331	3.3	2.5	1.4	1.0	0.8
Other concrete product manufacturing	32739	7.8	5.0	2.7	2.3	2.8
Lime and gypsum product manufacturing	3274	3.9	0.9	0.4	0.5	3.0
Gypsum product manufacturing	32742	3.7	1.0	0.5	0.6	2.7
Other nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	3279	3.6	2.3	1.2	1.1	1.3
Abrasive product manufacturing	32791	3.8	2.2	1.7	0.5	1.6

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAIGG	Total recordable cases	Cases with trai	n work, job tion	Other	
Industry ²	NAICS code ³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
All other nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	32799	3.6	2.3	1.1	1.2	1.3
Cut stone and stone product manufacturing	327991	4.6	3.0	1.6	1.3	1.6
Ground or treated mineral and earth manufacturing	327992	2.4	1.4	0.4	1.0	1.0
Mineral wool manufacturing	327993	2.4	1.5	0.6	0.8	0.9
All other miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327999	3.5	2.3	0.9	1.4	1.2
Primary metal manufacturing	331	5.2	2.9	1.2	1.6	2.3
Iron and steel mills and ferroalloy manufacturing	3311	2.7	1.5	0.6	0.9	1.2
Steel product manufacturing from purchased steel	3312	5.3	2.7	1.1	1.6	2.6
Iron and steel pipe and tube manufacturing from purchased steel	33121	5.4	2.5	1.0	1.5	3.0
Rolling and drawing of purchased steel	33122	5.1	2.9	1.2	1.7	2.2
Rolled steel shape manufacturing	331221	4.0	2.2	1.0	1.2	1.8
Steel wire drawing	331222	7.4	4.3	1.6		3.1
Alumina and aluminum production and processing	3313	4.0	2.1	0.9	1.2	1.8
Alumina and aluminum production and processing	33131	4.0	2.1	0.9	1.2	1.8
Alumina refining and primary aluminum production	331313	3.5	1.8	0.6	1.1	1.8
Secondary smelting and alloying of aluminum	331314	3.2	2.0	0.8	1.2	1.2
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil manufacturing	331315	3.2	1.3	0.6	0.7	1.9
Other aluminum rolling, drawing, and extruding	331318	4.7	2.8	1.3	1.5	2.0
Nonferrous metal (except aluminum) production and processing	3314	4.6	2.7	1.5	1.3	1.8
Copper rolling, drawing, extruding, and alloying	33142	4.9	2.8	1.6	1.2	2.1
Nonferrous metal (except copper and aluminum) rolling, drawing,	33149	4.7	2.9	1.4	1.5	1.8
extruding, and alloying						
Nonferrous metal (except copper and aluminum) rolling, drawing, and extruding	331491	4.4	2.6	1.3	1.3	1.8
Secondary smelting, refining, and alloying of nonferrous metal (except copper and aluminum)	331492	5.0	3.3	1.5	1.7	1.8
Foundries	3315	7.8	4.4	1.8	2.6	3.5
Ferrous metal foundries	33151	8.0	4.2	1.6	2.6	3.8
Iron foundries	331511	8.4	4.0	1.5	2.5	4.4
Steel investment foundries	331512	5.6	3.5	1.5	2.0	2.1
Steel foundries (except investment)	331513	8.9	5.2	2.0	3.2	3.7

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICS	Total		days away fror	=	Other recordable cases
Industry ²	code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Nonferrous metal foundries	33152	7.6	4.7	2.0	2.7	2.9
Nonferrous metal die-casting foundries	331523	6.9	4.3	1.9	2.4	2.6
Aluminum foundries (except die-casting)	331524	8.2	5.1	2.2	2.9	3.1
Other nonferrous metal foundries (except die-casting)	331529	8.3	4.7	1.8	2.9	3.6
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	4.8	2.4	1.3	1.2	2.4
Forging and stamping	3321	5.5	2.7	1.3	1.4	2.8
Forging and stamping	33211	5.5	2.7	1.3	1.4	2.8
Iron and steel forging	332111	6.1	3.3	1.3	1.9	2.9
Nonferrous forging	332112	3.3	2.2	0.8		1.2
Custom roll forming	332114	3.8	1.7	0.6	1.1	2.2
Powder metallurgy part manufacturing	332117	4.3	1.8	1.2	0.6	
Metal crown, closure, and other metal stamping (except automotive)	332119	5.9	2.8	1.4		3.1
Cutlery and handtool manufacturing	3322	4.1	1.9	0.9	1.0	2.2
Cutlery and handtool manufacturing	33221	4.1	1.9	0.9	1.0	2.2
Metal kitchen cookware, utensil, cutlery, and flatware (except precious) manufacturing	332215	4.8	1.0	0.5	0.6	3.8
Saw blade and handtool manufacturing	332216	3.9	2.2	1.1	1.1	1.8
Architectural and structural metals manufacturing	3323	5.9	2.8	1.5	1.3	3.1
Plate work and fabricated structural product manufacturing	33231	6.0	3.0	1.7	1.3	3.0
Prefabricated metal building and component manufacturing	332311	4.5	2.1	1.2	0.9	2.4
Fabricated structural metal manufacturing	332312	6.1	3.1	1.8	1.3	2.9
Plate work manufacturing	332313	6.9	3.4	1.8	1.6	3.5
Ornamental and architectural metal products manufacturing	33232	5.8	2.7	1.4	1.3	3.1
Metal window and door manufacturing	332321	5.0	2.9	1.2	1.8	2.1
Sheet metal work manufacturing	332322	6.1	2.4	1.2	1.2	3.7
Ornamental and architectural metal work manufacturing	332323	6.0	3.0	2.2		3.0
Boiler, tank, and shipping container manufacturing	3324	4.6	2.3	1.2	1.1	2.3
Power boiler and heat exchanger manufacturing	33241	4.3	1.8	0.9	0.9	2.5
Metal tank (heavy gauge) manufacturing	33242	5.1	2.8	1.4	1.4	2.3
Metal can, box, and other metal container (light gauge) manufacturing	33243	4.2	2.1	1.2	1.0	2.1
Metal can manufacturing	332431	2.5	0.9	0.4	0.4	1.7

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICS	Total	Cases with trai	=	Other	
Industry ²	NAICS code³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work4	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Other metal container manufacturing	332439	6.4	3.8	2.2	1.6	2.6
Hardware manufacturing	3325	5.0	2.3	1.0	1.3	2.7
Spring and wire product manufacturing	3326	5.5	2.9	1.3	1.6	2.6
Spring and wire product manufacturing	33261	5.5	2.9	1.3	1.6	2.6
Spring manufacturing	332613	6.2	2.5	1.4	1.2	3.7
Other fabricated wire product manufacturing	332618	5.0	3.1	1.3	1.8	2.0
Machine shops; turned product; and screw, nut, and bolt manufacturing	3327	4.3	2.1	1.2	0.9	2.2
Machine shops	33271	4.2	2.0	1.2	0.9	2.2
Turned product and screw, nut, and bolt manufacturing	33272	4.7	2.5	1.3	1.1	2.2
Precision turned product manufacturing	332721	4.3	1.8	0.9	0.9	2.5
Bolt, nut, screw, rivet, and washer manufacturing	332722	5.1	3.1	1.8	1.4	2.0
Coating, engraving, heat treating, and allied activities	3328	5.0	2.9	1.5	1.4	2.1
Coating, engraving, heat treating, and allied activities	33281	5.0	2.9	1.5	1.4	2.1
Metal heat treating	332811	5.7	3.3	1.4	1.9	2.4
Metal coating, engraving (except jewelry and silverwares), and allied services to manufacturers	332812	4.4	2.4	1.2	1.1	2.0
Electroplating, plating, polishing, anodizing, and coloring	332813	5.3	3.2	1.8	1.4	2.1
Other fabricated metal product manufacturing	3329	3.7	1.9	0.9	1.0	1.8
Metal valve manufacturing	33291	3.1	1.5	0.7	0.8	1.5
Industrial valve manufacturing	332911	3.1	1.4	0.8	0.6	1.7
Fluid power valve and hose fitting manufacturing	332912	2.7	1.4	0.6	0.8	1.3
Plumbing fixture fitting and trim manufacturing	332913	3.1	1.7	0.6	1.1	1.5
Other metal valve and pipe fitting manufacturing	332919	3.8	1.9	1.0	0.9	1.9
All other fabricated metal product manufacturing	33299	4.0	2.1	1.0	1.1	1.9
Ball and roller bearing manufacturing	332991	3.7	1.8	0.7	1.1	1.8
Small arms ammunition manufacturing	332992	3.6	2.5	1.0	1.5	1.1
Ammunition (except small arms) manufacturing	332993	1.1	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.3
Fabricated pipe and pipe fitting manufacturing	332996	3.2	2.1	0.8	1.3	1.1
All other miscellaneous fabricated metal product manufacturing	332999	5.3	2.4	1.2	1.3	2.9
Machinery manufacturing	333	3.8	1.9	0.9	1.0	1.9
Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery manufacturing	3331	4.1	2.1	1.0	1.1	2.0

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICC	Total		days away fror	=	Other recordable cases
Industry ²	NAICS code³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Agricultural implement manufacturing	33311	6.1	3.3	1.5	1.7	2.8
Farm machinery and equipment manufacturing	333111	6.7	3.5	1.7	1.9	3.2
Lawn and garden tractor and home lawn and garden equipment mfg.	333112	3.5	2.2	1.0	1.3	1.3
Construction machinery manufacturing	33312	4.8	2.1	1.0	1.1	2.7
Mining and oil and gas field machinery manufacturing	33313	2.0	1.1	0.5	0.6	1.0
Mining machinery and equipment manufacturing	333131	4.8	2.5	0.8	1.7	2.3
Oil and gas field machinery and equipment manufacturing	333132	1.6	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.8
Industrial machinery manufacturing	3332	3.5	1.7	0.8	0.8	1.9
Industrial machinery manufacturing	33324	3.5	1.7	0.8	0.8	1.9
Food product machinery manufacturing	333241	5.2	2.2	0.9	1.3	3.0
Semiconductor machinery manufacturing	333242	0.9	0.5	0.3		0.4
Sawmill, woodworking, and paper machinery manufacturing	333243	3.6	1.5	0.7	0.9	2.1
Printing machinery and equipment manufacturing	333244	3.0	1.3	0.9	0.4	1.7
Other industrial machinery manufacturing	333249	3.8	1.9	1.0	0.9	1.9
Commercial and service industry machinery manufacturing	3333	3.1	1.5	0.7	0.8	1.6
Commercial and service industry machinery manufacturing	33331	3.1	1.5	0.7	0.8	1.6
Optical instrument and lens manufacturing	333314	1.8	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.8
Other commercial and service industry machinery manufacturing	333318	3.6	1.7	0.8		2.0
Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning, and commercial refrigeration equipment manufacturing	3334	4.1	2.1	0.8		2.1
Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning, and commercial refrigeration equipment manufacturing	33341	4.1	2.1	0.8	1.3	2.1
Industrial and commercial fan and blower and air purification equipment manufacturing	333413	4.6	2.2	0.7	1.6	2.4
Heating equipment (except warm air furnaces) manufacturing	333414	5.2	2.2	1.3	0.9	3.0
Air-conditioning and warm air heating equipment and commercial and industrial refrigeration equipment manufacturing	333415	3.8	2.0	0.7	1.2	1.8
Metal working machinery manufacturing	3335	4.0	1.6	0.8	0.8	2.4
Metal working machinery manufacturing	33351	4.0	1.6	0.8		2.4
Industrial mold manufacturing	333511	4.2	1.7	0.9		2.5
Special die and tool, die set, jig, and fixture manufacturing	333514	4.2	1.8	0.8		2.5

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICE	Total		days away fron	-	Other recordable cases
Industry ²	NAICS code³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Cutting tool and machine tool accessory manufacturing	333515	3.0	1.0	0.4	0.6	2.0
Machine tool manufacturing	333517	4.2	1.5	1.0	0.5	2.6
Rolling mill and other metal working machinery manufacturing	333519	3.7	1.8	0.8	1.1	1.9
Engine, turbine, and power transmission equipment manufacturing	3336	3.3	1.9	0.8	1.1	1.4
Engine, turbine, and power transmission equipment manufacturing	33361	3.3	1.9	0.8	1.1	1.4
Turbine and turbine generator set units manufacturing	333611	3.3	2.1	0.7	1.4	1.2
Speed changer, industrial high-speed drive, and gear manufacturing	333612	3.7	2.0	0.8	1.2	1.8
Mechanical power transmission equipment manufacturing	333613	3.8	1.9	1.1	0.8	1.9
Other engine equipment manufacturing	333618	3.0	1.7	0.7	1.0	1.2
Other general purpose machinery manufacturing	3339	3.8	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.8
Pump and compressor manufacturing	33391	2.7	1.5	0.8	0.6	1.2
Pump and pumping equipment manufacturing	333911	3.2	2.0	1.1	1.0	1.2
Air and gas compressor manufacturing	333912	2.1	0.8	0.6	0.2	1.3
Measuring and dispensing pump manufacturing	333913	1.4	0.7		0.5	0.7
Material handling equipment manufacturing	33392	5.3	2.8	1.4	1.4	2.5
Elevator and moving stairway manufacturing	333921	3.3	1.5	0.6	0.9	1.9
Conveyor and conveying equipment manufacturing	333922	5.5	3.1	1.9	1.2	2.4
Overhead traveling crane, hoist, and monorail system manufacturing	333923	6.3	3.2	1.4	1.8	3.1
Industrial truck, tractor, trailer, and stacker machinery manufacturing	333924	5.0	2.7	0.9	1.7	2.4
All other general purpose machinery manufacturing	33399	3.4	1.8	0.9	0.8	1.7
Power-driven handtool manufacturing	333991	2.4	1.3	0.8	0.5	1.1
Welding and soldering equipment manufacturing	333992	2.2	1.2	0.2	0.9	1.0
Packaging machinery manufacturing	333993	2.7	1.8	1.2	0.6	0.9
Industrial process furnace and oven manufacturing	333994	5.4	2.0	0.9	1.1	3.3
Fluid power cylinder and actuator manufacturing	333995	4.8	2.5	1.0	1.5	2.3
Fluid power pump and motor manufacturing	333996	3.8	2.0	1.2	0.8	1.8
All other miscellaneous general purpose machinery manufacturing	333999	3.4	1.6	0.9	0.7	1.8
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	1.3	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.6
Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing	3341	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing	33411	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Electronic computer manufacturing	334111	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICC	Total		n work, job tion	Other	
Industry ²	NAICS code³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work4	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Computer storage device manufacturing	334112	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2
Computer terminal and other computer peripheral equipment mfg.	334118	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.5
Communications equipment manufacturing	3342	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.4
Telephone apparatus manufacturing	33421	0.9	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.4
Radio and television broadcasting and wireless communications mfg.	33422	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4
Other communications equipment manufacturing	33429	1.1	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.5
Audio and video equipment manufacturing	3343	1.5	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.5
Semiconductor and other electronic component manufacturing	3344	1.6	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.8
Semiconductor and other electronic component manufacturing	33441	1.6	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.8
Bare printed circuit board manufacturing	334412	2.1	0.7	0.4	0.3	1.4
Semiconductor and related device manufacturing	334413	1.1	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.5
Capacitor, resistor, coil, transformer, and other inductor manufacturing	334416	2.8	1.6	0.8		1.2
Electronic connector manufacturing	334417	2.2	1.0	0.3		1.2
Printed circuit assembly (electronic assembly) manufacturing	334418	1.9	1.1	0.7	0.4	0.8
Other electronic component manufacturing	334419	2.1	1.0	0.5	0.4	1.1
Navigational, measuring, electomedical, and control instruments mfg.	3345	1.4	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.6
Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments mfg.	33451	1.4	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.6
Electromedical and electrotherapeutic apparatus manufacturing	334510	0.9	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.4
Search, detection, navigation, guidance, aeronautical, and nautical system and instrument manufacturing	334511	1.0	0.5	0.3		0.5
Automatic environmental control manufacturing for residential, commercial, and appliance use	334512	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.9
Instruments and related products manufacturing for measuring, displaying, and controlling industrial process variables	334513	2.3	1.4	0.9	0.5	1.0
Totalizing fluid meter and counting device manufacturing	334514	3.4	2.1	1.2	0.9	1.3
Instrument manufacturing for measuring and testing electricity and electrical signals	334515	0.7	0.4	0.3		0.2
Analytical laboratory instrument manufacturing	334516	1.6	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.7
Irradiation apparatus manufacturing	334517	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.4
Other measuring and controlling device manufacturing	334519	1.6	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.6
Manufacturing and reproducing magnetic and optical media	3346	1.3	1.0	0.5		0.3

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICE	Total recordable cases		days away fror	=	Other recordable cases
Industry ²	NAICS code ³		Total	Cases with days away from work⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Manufacturing and reproducing magnetic and optical media	33461	1.3	1.0	0.5	0.4	0.3
Blank magnetic and optical recording media manufacturing	334613	0.8				0.5
Software and other prerecorded compact disc, tape, and record reproducing	334614	1.5	1.2	0.6	0.5	0.3
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	3.0	1.8	0.8	1.0	1.3
Electric lighting equipment manufacturing	3351	3.3	1.9	0.8	1.1	1.4
Electric lamp bulb and part manufacturing	33511	2.7	1.1	0.7	0.4	1.6
Lighting fixture manufacturing	33512	3.5	2.1	0.9	1.2	1.4
Residential electric lighting fixture manufacturing	335121	4.8	2.9	0.9	2.0	1.9
Commercial, industrial, and institutional electric lighting fixture mfg.	335122	3.8	2.2	1.1	1.1	1.6
Other lighting equipment manufacturing	335129	1.6	1.2	0.3	0.9	0.4
Household appliance manufacturing	3352	3.7	2.2	0.9	1.3	1.6
Small electrical appliance manufacturing	33521	2.5	1.6	0.6	1.0	1.0
Major appliance manufacturing	33522	4.0	2.3	1.0	1.3	1.7
Other major household appliance manufacturing	335228	3.0	1.4	0.5	0.9	1.6
Electrical equipment manufacturing	3353	2.7	1.5	0.7	0.8	1.2
Electrical equipment manufacturing	33531	2.7	1.5	0.7	0.8	1.2
Power, distribution, and specialty transformer manufacturing	335311	4.4	2.5	1.2	1.2	1.9
Motor and generator manufacturing	335312	2.9	1.6	0.6	1.0	1.3
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus manufacturing	335313	2.4	1.0	0.5	0.5	1.4
Relay and industrial control manufacturing	335314	1.8	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.6
Other electrical equipment and component manufacturing	3359	3.0	1.9	0.8	1.1	1.1
Battery manufacturing	33591	3.3	2.2	0.9	1.3	1.0
Communication and energy wire and cable manufacturing	33592	2.1	1.5	0.7	0.7	0.6
Fiber optic cable manufacturing	335921	1.1	0.6		0.5	0.5
Other communication and energy wire manufacturing	335929	2.7	2.0	1.1	0.9	0.7
Wiring device manufacturing	33593	3.0	1.8	0.7	1.1	1.2
Current-carrying wiring device manufacturing	335931	2.6	1.6	0.7	0.9	0.9
Noncurrent-carrying wiring device manufacturing	335932	4.4	2.4	0.8	1.7	1.9
All other electrical equipment and component manufacturing	33599	3.3	2.0	0.9	1.1	1.3
Carbon and graphite product manufacturing	335991	5.2	3.1	1.4	1.7	2.1

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAIGG	Total recordable cases	Cases with trai	n work, job tion	Other	
Industry ²	NAICS code³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
All other miscellaneous electrical equipment and component mfg.	335999	2.7	1.7	0.8	0.9	1.1
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	4.7	2.6	1.0	1.6	2.1
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	6.9	3.7	1.6	2.2	3.1
Automobile and light duty motor vehicle manufacturing	33611	7.1	3.8	1.6	2.2	3.3
Automobile manufacturing	336111	7.3	4.2	1.9	2.2	3.2
Light truck and utility vehicle manufacturing	336112	6.6	3.2	1.0	2.2	3.4
Heavy duty truck manufacturing	33612	5.7	3.2	1.3	1.9	2.5
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	8.3	4.0	1.7	2.3	4.3
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	33621	8.3	4.0	1.7	2.3	4.3
Motor vehicle body manufacturing	336211	7.0	3.8	1.6	2.2	3.2
Truck trailer manufacturing	336212	8.5	4.1	1.6	2.5	4.4
Travel trailer and camper manufacturing	336214	9.5	4.2	1.8	2.4	5.4
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	4.6	2.6	0.9	1.6	2.1
Motor vehicle gasoline engine and engine parts manufacturing	33631	3.9	2.1	0.7	1.4	1.8
Motor vehicle electrical and electronic equipment manufacturing	33632	3.5	1.9	0.8	1.2	1.6
Motor vehicle steering and suspension components (except spring) mfg.	33633	4.5	2.7	1.0	1.8	1.8
Motor vehicle brake system manufacturing	33634	3.2	1.7	0.5	1.2	1.5
Motor vehicle transmission and power train parts manufacturing	33635	3.9	2.3	0.9	1.3	1.7
Motor vehicle seating and interior trim manufacturing	33636	5.1	3.0	0.8	2.2	2.1
Motor vehicle metal stamping	33637	7.1	3.6	1.2	2.4	3.5
Other motor vehicle parts manufacturing	33639	4.4	2.4	1.0	1.4	2.0
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	2.8	1.7	0.6	1.2	1.0
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	33641	2.8	1.7	0.6	1.2	1.0
Aircraft engine and engine parts manufacturing	336412	2.2	1.2	0.7	0.6	1.0
Other aircraft parts and auxiliary equipment manufacturing	336413	3.0	1.7	0.7	1.0	1.3
Guided missile and space vehicle manufacturing	336414	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.3
Guided missile and space vehicle propulsion unit and propulsion unit parts manufacturing	336415	1.4	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.6
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3365	3.2	1.7	0.7	1.0	1.5
Ship and boat building	3366	6.5	4.0	2.0	2.0	2.5
Ship and boat building	33661	6.5	4.0	2.0	2.0	2.5

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICS	Total		days away fron	· =	Other recordable cases
Industry ²	code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Ship building and repairing	336611	6.5	4.2	2.3	2.0	2.3
Boat building	336612	6.4	3.3	1.1	2.2	3.1
Other transportation equipment manufacturing	3369	2.4	1.2	0.6	0.6	1.2
Other transportation equipment manufacturing	33699	2.4	1.2	0.6	0.6	1.2
Motorcycle, bicycle, and parts manufacturing	336991	1.9	0.6	0.4	0.2	1.2
Military armored vehicle, tank, and tank component manufacturing	336992	1.9	0.9	0.2	0.7	1.0
All other transportation equipment manufacturing	336999	3.2	1.8	0.9	1.0	1.3
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	4.8	2.6	1.2	1.4	2.2
Household and institutional furniture and kitchen cabinet manufacturing	3371	4.5	2.5	1.1	1.4	2.0
Wood kitchen cabinet and countertop manufacturing	33711	3.7	2.3	1.2	1.0	1.5
Household and institutional furniture manufacturing	33712	5.1	2.6	1.0	1.6	2.4
Upholstered household furniture manufacturing	337121	5.1	2.7	1.0	1.8	2.4
Nonupholstered wood household furniture manufacturing	337122	5.1	2.3	0.9	1.4	2.9
Household furniture (except wood and metal) manufacturing	337125	4.4	2.8	1.1	1.7	1.6
Institutional furniture manufacturing	337127	5.3	3.1	1.2	1.9	2.2
Office furniture (including fixtures) manufacturing	3372	5.6	2.8	1.4	1.4	2.7
Office furniture (including fixtures) manufacturing	33721	5.6	2.8	1.4	1.4	2.7
Wood office furniture manufacturing	337211	5.3	3.2	1.2	2.0	2.1
Custom architectural woodwork and millwork manufacturing	337212	5.1	2.4	1.6	0.8	2.7
Office furniture (except wood) manufacturing	337214	4.3	2.1	0.8	1.3	2.3
Showcase, partition, shelving, and locker manufacturing	337215	6.5	3.3	1.7	1.6	3.2
Other furniture related product manufacturing	3379	4.2	2.8	1.0	1.7	1.4
Mattress manufacturing	33791	5.2	3.6	1.4	2.2	1.6
Blind and shade manufacturing	33792	2.0	1.0	0.3	0.7	1.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	2.5	1.4	0.7	0.7	1.1
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391	2.1	1.1	0.5	0.6	1.0
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	33911	2.1	1.1	0.5	0.6	1.0
Surgical and medical instrument manufacturing	339112	1.8	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.9
Surgical appliance and supplies manufacturing	339113	2.7	1.4	0.6	0.8	1.3
Dental equipment and supplies manufacturing	339114	2.5	1.4	0.5	1.0	1.1
Ophthalmic goods manufacturing	339115	2.3	1.6	0.7	0.9	0.7

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAIGS	Total		days away fror	=	Other recordable cases
Industry ²	NAICS code³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work4	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Dental laboratories	339116	1.0	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.6
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	3.0	1.7	0.9	0.8	1.3
Jewelry and silverware manufacturing	33991	2.1	1.0	0.6		1.1
Sporting and athletic goods manufacturing	33992	3.5	1.9	0.8	1.1	1.7
Doll, toy, and game manufacturing	33993	1.6	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.8
Sign manufacturing	33995	3.2	1.9	1.3	0.6	1.3
All other miscellaneous manufacturing	33999	3.3	1.9	0.9	1.0	1.4
Gasket, packing, and sealing device manufacturing	339991	4.1	2.6	1.3	1.3	1.4
Musical instrument manufacturing	339992	3.8	2.6	1.2	1.4	1.2
Fastener, button, needle, and pin manufacturing	339993	2.4	1.3	1.0	0.3	1.1
Broom, brush, and mop manufacturing	339994	2.7	1.5	0.6	0.9	1.2
Burial casket manufacturing	339995	6.9	4.9	2.4	2.5	2.0
All other miscellaneous manufacturing	339999	2.6	1.2	0.5	0.8	1.4
Service providing		3.0	1.6	0.9	0.6	1.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		3.6	2.2	1.3	1.0	1.4
Wholesale trade		2.9	1.9	1.1	0.9	1.0
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	2.6	1.6	0.9	0.7	1.0
Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and supplies merchant wholesalers	4231	4.0	2.4	1.3	1.1	1.6
Furniture and home furnishing merchant wholesalers	4232	2.9	1.9	1.0	0.8	1.0
Lumber and other construction materials merchant wholesalers	4233	4.4	3.2	1.6	1.6	1.2
Professional and commercial equipment and supplies merchant wholesalers	4234	1.5	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.5
Metal and mineral (except petroleum) merchant wholesalers	4235	4.4	2.6	1.3	1.4	1.8
Household appliances and electrical and electronic goods merchant wholesalers	4236	1.4	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.7
Hardware, and plumbing and heating equipment and supplies merchant wholesalers	4237	3.0	1.8	1.0	0.7	1.2
Machinery, equipment, and supplies merchant wholesalers	4238	2.5	1.5	0.8	0.7	1.2
Miscellaneous durable goods merchant wholesalers	4239	2.8	1.6	0.8	0.9	1.1
Sporting and recreational goods and supplies merchant wholesalers	42391	2.7	1.5	0.6		1.2

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICC	Total recordable cases		n work, job tion	Other	
Industry ²	NAICS code³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Recyclable material merchant wholesalers	42393	4.7	2.9	1.4	1.5	1.8
Jewelry, watch, precious stone, and precious metal merchant wholesalers	42394	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other miscellaneous durable goods merchant wholesalers	42399	1.6	0.6	0.3	0.3	1.0
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	3.9	2.8	1.5	1.3	1.1
Paper and paper product merchant wholesalers	4241	3.2	1.9	1.1	0.8	1.3
Drugs and druggists' sundries merchant wholesalers	4242	1.9	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.9
Apparel, piece goods, and notions merchant wholesalers	4243	1.4	0.9	0.3	0.5	0.5
Grocery and related product merchant wholesalers	4244	5.1	3.9	1.9	2.0	1.2
Farm product raw material merchant wholesalers	4245	3.9	2.3	1.8	0.5	1.5
Chemical and allied products merchant wholesalers	4246	1.9	1.5	1.0	0.5	0.4
Petroleum and petroleum products merchant wholesalers	4247	3.1	2.1	1.8	0.3	1.0
Beer, wine, and distilled alcoholic beverage merchant wholesalers	4248	6.3	4.3	2.1	2.2	2.0
Miscellaneous nondurable goods merchant wholesalers	4249	3.1	2.2	1.4	0.8	1.0
Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers	425	1.6	1.1	0.7		0.5
Retail trade		3.6	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.6
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	3.4	1.7	1.0	0.7	1.7
Automobile dealers	4411	3.3	1.4	1.0	0.4	1.8
New car dealers	44111	3.4	1.5	1.1	0.4	1.9
Used car dealers	44112	1.9	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.8
Other motor vehicle dealers	4412	3.2	1.4	0.7	0.6	1.8
Recreational vehicle dealers	44121	4.1	1.8	0.7	1.1	2.4
Motorcycle, boat, and other motor vehicle dealers	44122		1.2	0.8	0.5	1.6
Automotive parts, accessories, and tire stores	4413	3.9	2.4	1.2	1.2	1.5
Automotive parts and accessories stores	44131	3.3	2.1	1.0	1.1	1.2
Tire dealers	44132	4.9	2.9	1.5		2.0
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	3.9	2.3	1.5	0.8	1.6
Furniture stores	4421	2.9	1.9	0.9		1.0
Home furnishings stores	4422	5.0	2.7	2.2	0.6	
Floor covering stores	44221	2.3	1.3	0.9	0.4	1.0

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICE	Total recordable cases		n work, job tion	Other	
Industry ²	NAICS code³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Other home furnishings stores	44229	6.7	3.6	2.9	0.7	
Electronics and appliance stores	443	1.4	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.6
Electronics and appliance stores	4431	1.4	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.6
Electronics and appliance stores	44314	1.4	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.6
Household appliance stores	443141	3.6	1.9	1.4	0.5	1.7
Electronics stores	443142	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.4
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	5.0	3.4	1.6	1.8	1.6
Building material and supplies dealers	4441	5.1	3.5	1.6	1.9	1.6
Home centers	44411	5.9	4.1	1.7	2.4	1.7
Other building material dealers	44419	4.4	3.0	1.6		1.4
Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores	4442	4.5	2.7	2.0	0.6	1.8
Outdoor power equipment stores	44421	1.5	1.2	1.0	0.2	0.4
Nursery, garden center, and farm supply stores	44422	5.4	3.1	2.3	0.8	2.3
Food and beverage stores	445	4.4	2.6	1.4	1.2	1.7
Grocery stores	4451	4.7	2.8	1.5	1.4	1.9
Supermarkets and other grocery (except convenience) stores	44511	4.9	2.9	1.5	1.4	1.9
Convenience stores	44512		0.9	0.5	0.3	1.1
Specialty food stores	4452	1.9	1.3	0.8	0.5	0.6
Fruit and vegetable markets	44523	3.5	2.4	1.2	1.2	1.1
Other specialty food stores	44529	1.7	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.7
Health and personal care stores	446	2.1	0.9	0.6	0.3	1.3
Health and personal care stores	4461	2.1	0.9	0.6	0.3	1.3
Pharmacies and drug stores	44611	2.6	1.1	0.7	0.4	1.6
Cosmetics, beauty supplies, and perfume stores	44612	1.2	0.5	0.4		0.7
Other health and personal care stores	44619	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.3
Gasoline stations	447	2.3	1.1	0.6	0.5	1.2
Gasoline stations	4471	2.3	1.1	0.6	0.5	1.2
Gasoline stations with convenience stores	44711	2.3	1.1	0.6		1.2
Other gasoline stations	44719	1.9	0.9	0.4	0.5	1.0
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	2.0	0.7	0.4	0.3	1.4
Clothing stores	4481	2.3	0.8	0.5	0.3	1.5

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICS	Total recordable cases		days away fron	· =	Other recordable cases
Industry ²	code ³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Women's clothing stores	44812	1.8	0.6	0.3	0.3	1.2
Children's and infants' clothing stores	44813	2.0	0.4	0.2	0.2	1.5
Family clothing stores	44814	3.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	2.1
Clothing accessories stores	44815	1.7	0.5	0.2		1.2
Other clothing stores	44819	2.0	0.8	0.5	0.3	1.2
Shoe stores	4482	1.3	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.9
Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores	4483	1.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.2
Jewelry stores	44831	0.6	0.1		(⁹)	0.5
Luggage and leather goods stores	44832	8.2	0.7			7.5
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	2.6	1.1	0.6	0.5	1.4
Sporting goods, hobby, and musical instrument stores	4511	2.7	1.2	0.6	0.6	1.5
Sporting goods stores	45111	2.8	1.2	0.6	0.6	1.6
Hobby, toy, and game stores	45112	3.6	1.6	0.7	0.9	2.1
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	45113	0.9	0.8	0.8		
Musical instrument and supplies stores	45114	0.6	0.3	0.3		0.3
Book stores and news dealers	4512	1.9	0.8	0.6	0.2	1.2
Book stores and news dealers	45121	1.9	0.8	0.6	0.2	1.2
Book stores	451211	2.0	0.8	0.6	0.2	1.2
General merchandise stores	452	4.8	2.8	1.2	1.6	2.0
Department stores	4521	4.1	2.2	1.1	1.1	1.9
Other general merchandise stores	4529	5.2	3.1	1.2	1.9	2.1
Warehouse clubs and supercenters	45291	4.3	3.2	1.2	2.0	2.1
All other general merchandise stores	45299	4.8	2.8		1.5	2.0
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	3.4	1.7	1.0	0.7	1.7
Florists	4531	1.6	0.6	0.4	0.2	1.0
Office supplies, stationery, and gift stores	4532	2.0	1.1	0.7	0.4	1.0
Office supplies and stationery stores	45321	2.6	1.4	0.7	0.7	1.2
Gift, novelty, and souvenir stores	45322	1.5	0.7	0.6	0.1	0.8
Used merchandise stores	4533	5.1	2.8	1.2	1.6	2.3
Other miscellaneous store retailers	4539	4.0	1.9		0.7	2.1
Pet and pet supplies stores	45391	7.5	2.7	1.0	1.8	4.8

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICE	Total		days away fron	. •	Other recordable cases
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Manufactured (mobile) home dealers	45393	6.3	3.5	3.3		
All other miscellaneous store retailers	45399		1.3	1.2	0.2	0.5
Nonstore retailers	454	1.8	1.2	0.6	0.5	0.7
Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	4541	1.4	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.5
Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	45411	1.4	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.5
Electronic shopping	454111	1.1	0.8	0.3	0.5	0.3
Electronic auctions	454112	0.5	0.4	0.2		
Mail-order houses	454113	1.8	1.1	0.5	0.6	0.7
Vending machine operators	4542	2.1	1.5	0.8	0.7	0.6
Direct selling establishments	4543	2.8	1.8	1.2	0.5	1.1
Fuel dealers	45431	4.1	2.5	1.8	0.8	1.5
Other direct selling establishments	45439	1.1	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.4
Transportation and warehousing ⁸		4.8	3.4	2.3	1.2	1.4
Air transportation	481	7.5	6.1	4.5	1.6	1.3
Scheduled air transportation	4811	8.0	6.7	4.9	1.8	1.4
Scheduled air transportation	48111	8.0	6.7	4.9	1.8	1.4
Scheduled passenger air transportation	481111	8.2	6.8	5.0	1.8	1.4
Scheduled freight air transportation	481112	4.1	2.9	1.9	1.0	1.2
Nonscheduled air transportation	4812	2.2	1.2	0.9	0.4	0.9
Rail transportation ⁸	482	2.0	1.5	1.3	0.1	0.5
Water transportation	483	2.3	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.9
Deep sea, coastal, and great lakes water transportation	4831	2.0	1.1	0.7	0.4	1.0
Deep sea, coastal, and great lakes water transportation	48311	2.0	1.1	0.7	0.4	1.0
Deep sea freight transportation	483111	1.4	0.7	0.4		0.7
Deep sea passenger transportation	483112	1.1	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.5
Coastal and great lakes passenger transportation	483114	4.2	1.5	0.6		2.7
Inland water transportation	4832	2.6	1.9	1.1	0.7	0.8
Inland water transportation	48321	2.6	1.9	1.1	0.7	0.8
Inland water freight transportation	483211	2.4	1.8	1.0	0.8	0.6
Truck transportation	484	4.5	3.2	2.3	0.9	1.3

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICC	Total recordable cases		n work, job tion	Other	
Industry ²	NAICS code ³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
General freight trucking	4841	4.6	3.2	2.3	0.9	1.4
General freight trucking, local	48411	4.4	3.1	2.2	0.9	1.3
General freight trucking, long-distance	48412	4.7	3.2	2.3	1.0	1.5
Specialized freight trucking	4842	4.1	3.0	2.3	0.8	1.1
Used household and office goods moving	48421	5.6	4.4	2.1	2.3	1.2
Specialized freight (except used goods) trucking, local	48422	3.7	2.6	2.2	0.4	1.1
Specialized freight (except used goods) trucking, long-distance	48423	3.9	3.0	2.5	0.5	0.9
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	4.6	3.2	2.4	0.8	1.4
Urban transit systems	4851	5.9	4.3	3.6	0.8	1.6
Interurban and rural bus transportation	4852	10.0	7.4	5.3	2.1	2.6
Taxi and limousine service	4853	2.4	1.7	1.5	0.2	0.7
Taxi service	48531	3.0	2.1	1.8	0.3	0.9
Limousine service	48532	1.8	1.4	1.3	0.1	0.5
School and employee bus transportation	4854	4.8	3.3	2.3	0.9	1.5
Charter bus industry	4855	3.6	1.8	1.3	0.5	1.7
Other transit and ground passenger transportation	4859	4.8	3.4	2.2	1.2	1.4
Pipeline transportation	486	1.8	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.9
Pipeline transportation of natural gas	4862	2.5	1.0		0.3	1.5
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	3.2	2.4	1.9	0.6	0.8
Scenic and sightseeing transportation, land	4871	3.6	3.0	2.5	0.5	0.5
Scenic and sightseeing transportation, water	4872	3.2	2.3	1.6	0.7	0.9
Scenic and sightseeing transportation, other	4879	2.1	0.8			1.3
Support activities for transportation	488	3.6	2.2	1.5	0.8	1.4
Support activities for air transportation	4881	4.6	3.0	1.7	1.2	1.6
Support activities for rail transportation	4882	2.8	1.8	1.4	0.4	1.0
Support activities for water transportation	4883	5.6	3.0	2.4	0.6	2.6
Marine cargo handling	48832	7.0	4.1	3.5	0.5	2.9
Navigational services to shipping	48833	2.2	1.5	1.0		0.8
Other support activities for water transportation	48839	4.3	1.2	0.2	1.0	
Support activities for road transportation	4884	4.0	2.5	1.9	0.6	1.4
Motor vehicle towing	48841		2.5	2.2	0.3	1.4

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICS	Total recordable cases		days away fror	-	Other recordable cases
Industry ²	code ³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Other support activities for road transportation	48849	4.2	2.7	1.4	1.3	1.5
Freight transportation arrangement	4885	1.7	1.1	0.7	0.4	0.6
Other support activities for transportation	4889	4.7	3.3	1.3	2.0	1.4
Couriers and messengers	492	7.1	5.2	3.1	2.2	1.8
Couriers and express delivery services	4921	7.6	5.6	3.1	2.5	2.0
Local messengers and local delivery	4922	2.9	2.6	2.5	0.2	0.2
Warehousing and storage	493	5.2	3.7	1.7	1.9	1.5
Warehousing and storage	4931	5.2	3.7	1.7	1.9	1.5
General warehousing and storage	49311	5.2	3.7	1.7	1.9	1.6
Refrigerated warehousing and storage	49312	5.6	4.1	2.1	2.0	1.5
Farm product warehousing and storage	49313	2.5	1.3	0.7	0.6	1.2
Other warehousing and storage	49319	4.7	3.7	1.9	1.9	0.9
Utilities		2.4	1.3	0.7	0.6	1.2
Utilities	221	2.4	1.3	0.7	0.6	1.2
Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	2211	2.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	1.1
Electric power generation	22111	1.1	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.7
Hydroelectric power generation	221111	2.0	0.8	0.6	0.3	1.2
Fossil fuel electric power generation	221112	1.4	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.9
Nuclear electric power generation	221113	0.3	0.1	(°)		0.2
Electric power transmission, control, and distribution	22112	2.8	1.5	0.8	0.6	1.4
Natural gas distribution	2212	2.6	1.6	0.8	0.8	1.0
Water, sewage and other systems	2213	5.3	2.7	1.4	1.3	2.6
Water supply and irrigation systems	22131	5.1	2.5	1.5	1.0	2.6
Sewage treatment facilities	22132	6.3	3.9	0.5		2.4
Information		1.4	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.6
Information		1.4	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.6
Publishing industries (except internet)	511	1.0	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.6
Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers	5111	1.7	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.9

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICS	Total recordable cases		n work, job tion	Other	
Industry ²	code ³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Newspaper publishers	51111	2.3	1.1	0.8	0.3	1.1
Periodical publishers	51112	1.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.9
Book publishers	51113	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4
Other publishers	51119	1.9	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.2
Software publishers	5112	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Motion picture and sound recording industries	512	1.6	0.6	0.4		1.0
Motion picture and video industries	5121	1.6	0.7	0.4	0.2	1.0
Record production	51221					
Sound recording studios	51224					
Broadcasting (except internet)	515	1.4	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.7
Radio and television broadcasting	5151	1.3	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.8
Television broadcasting	51512	1.5	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.0
Cable and other subscription programming	5152	1.7	1.2	0.8	0.5	0.4
Telecommunications	517	2.2	1.6	1.3	0.3	0.6
Wired telecommunications carriers	5171	2.6	2.0	1.5	0.4	0.7
Wireless telecommunications carriers (except satellite)	5172	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.4
Other telecommunications	5179	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.1	0.3
Data processing, hosting, and related services	518	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3
Other information services	519	0.4	0.2		(⁹)	0.2
Other information services	5191	0.4	0.2		(⁹)	0.2
News syndicates	51911	0.5	0.3	0.2		0.1
Internet publishing and broadcasting and web search portals	51913	0.2	0.1	0.1		0.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate		1.2	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.7
Finance and insurance		0.7	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.4
Monetary authorities-central bank	521	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.5
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.5
Depository credit intermediation	5221	1.0	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.6
Commercial banking	52211	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.5
Savings institutions	52212	1.7	0.4	0.3	0.1	1.3

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICS	Total		days away fror	-	Other recordable cases
Industry ²	code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Credit unions	52213	1.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.7
Nondepository credit intermediation	5222	0.5	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	0.3
Credit card issuing	52221	0.6	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.4
Sales financing	52222	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3
Other nondepository credit intermediation	52229	0.5	0.2	0.2		0.3
Activities related to credit intermediation	5223	0.5	0.3	0.2	(⁹)	0.3
Mortgage and nonmortgage loan brokers	52231	0.2	0.1	0.1		0.2
Financial transactions processing, reserve, and clearinghouse activities	52232	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investments and related activities	523	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Investment banking and securities dealing	52311	0.2	(⁹)	(⁹)		0.2
Other financial investment activities	5239	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Miscellaneous intermediation	52391					
Portfolio management	52392	0.1	0.1	(°)	(⁹)	0.1
Insurance carriers and related activities	524	0.6	0.2	0.2	(^e)	0.4
Insurance carriers	5241	0.8	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.5
Direct life, health, and medical insurance carriers	52411	0.7	0.2	0.2	(^e)	0.5
Direct insurance (ex. Life, health, and medical) carriers	52412	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.6
Reinsurance carriers	52413	0.9	0.1			0.8
Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance related activities	5242	0.5	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.3
Insurance agencies and brokerages	52421	0.3	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.2
Other insurance related activities	52429	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.4
Real estate and rental and leasing		2.9	1.5	0.9	0.6	1.4
Real estate	531	2.5	1.3	0.9	0.4	1.2
Lessors of real estate	5311	3.2	1.8	1.3	0.5	1.4
Lessors of residential buildings and dwellings	53111	3.6	2.2	1.7	0.5	1.4
Lessors of nonresidential buildings (except miniwarehouses)	53112	1.6	0.6	0.5	0.1	1.0
Lessors of other real estate property	53119	3.6	3.3	2.0	1.3	0.4
Offices of real estate agents and brokers	5312	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.5
Activities related to real estate	5313	2.6	1.3	0.8	0.5	1.3

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

Industry ²	NAICS	Total		n work, job tion	Other	
Industry ²	code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Real estate property managers	53131	2.9	1.5	1.0	0.5	1.4
Other activities related to real estate	53139	1.8	0.5			1.3
Rental and leasing services	532	4.0	1.9	0.9	1.0	2.1
Automotive equipment rental and leasing	5321	4.5	1.8	1.4	0.5	
Passenger car rental and leasing	53211	4.6	1.5	1.2	0.3	
Truck, utility trailer, and rv (recreational vehicle) rental and leasing	53212	4.2	2.4	1.7	0.7	1.8
Consumer goods rental	5322	5.1	2.9	1.0	1.9	
Consumer electronics and appliances rental	53221		5.0		4.2	
Formal wear and costume rental	53222	4.8	2.6	0.7	1.9	
Video tape and disc rental	53223					
Other consumer goods rental	53229	4.5	2.6	1.2	1.5	1.8
General rental centers	5323		1.8	0.4	1.4	
Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment rental and leasing	5324	1.9	1.1	0.5	0.6	0.8
Construction, transportation, mining, and forestry machinery and equipment rental and leasing	53241	1.6	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.7
Other commercial and industrial machinery and equipment rental and leasing	53249	2.5	1.6	0.6	0.9	0.9
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)	533	1.0	0.2	0.1		0.8
Professional and business services		1.5	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.7
Professional, scientific, and technical services		0.9	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.6
Professional, scientific, and technical services	541	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.6
Legal services	5411	0.4	0.1	0.1	(°)	0.2
Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	5412	0.5	0.2	0.1		0.3
Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	54121	0.5	0.2	0.1		0.3
Offices of certified public accountants	541211	0.2	(⁹)	(⁹)		0.1
Other accounting services	541219	0.7	0.4	0.4	(⁹)	0.3
Architectural, engineering, and related services	5413	0.8	0.5	0.3		0.3
Drafting services	54134					
Surveying and mapping (except geophysical) services	54137	2.2	1.9	1.9		

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

		Total	Cases with trai	Other		
Industry ²	NAICS code³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Testing laboratories	54138	1.5	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.7
Specialized design services	5414	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.5
Computer systems design and related services	5415	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Computer systems design and related services	54151	0.2	0.1	0.1	(°)	0.1
Custom computer programming services	541511	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	(^e)	0.1
Computer systems design services	541512	0.3	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.2
Computer facilities management services	541513	0.6	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.3
Other computer related services	541519	0.3	0.1	(°)	(⁹)	0.2
Management, scientific, and technical consulting services	5416	1.0	0.4		(⁹)	0.6
Other scientific and technical consulting services	54169	1.1	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.7
Scientific research and development services	5417	1.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.7
Advertising, public relations, and related services	5418	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.4
Other professional, scientific, and technical services	5419	5.1	1.4	0.9		3.7
Marketing research and public opinion polling	54191	0.4	0.1	0.1		0.2
Photographic services	54192	1.4	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.8
Veterinary services	54194	9.6	2.6	1.6		7.0
All other professional, scientific, and technical services	54199	0.3	0.2	(⁹)		0.1
Management of companies and enterprises		1.0	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.5
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services		2.6	1.6	1.1	0.5	1.1
Administrative and support services	561	2.4	1.4	1.0	0.4	1.0
Office administrative services	5611	1.2	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.5
Facilities support services	5612	3.1	1.5	1.0	0.5	1.6
Employment services	5613	1.4	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.7
Employment placement agencies and executive search services	56131	1.3	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.5
Professional employee organizations	56133	1.8	0.8	0.4	0.4	1.0
Business support services	5614	1.0	0.5		0.1	0.5
Document preparation services	56141	0.2	0.1	0.1		0.1
Telephone call centers	56142	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.6
Collection agencies	56144	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.4

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

		Total	Cases with trai	Other		
Industry ²	NAICS code³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Credit bureaus	56145	0.6	0.1	0.1		0.5
Other business support services	56149	1.5	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.7
Travel arrangement and reservation services	5615	1.4	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.9
Travel agencies	56151	0.4	0.2	0.1		0.2
Tour operators	56152	1.7	0.7	0.6		1.1
Other travel arrangement and reservation services	56159	2.4	0.8	0.4	0.3	1.7
Investigation services	561611	1.0	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.5
Security systems services	56162	1.8	1.2	0.7	0.5	0.6
Services to buildings and dwellings	5617	4.0	2.4	1.7	0.8	1.5
Exterminating and pest control services	56171	3.2	2.0	1.5	0.5	1.2
Janitorial services	56172	3.7	2.3	1.5	0.8	1.4
Landscaping services	56173	4.6	2.8	1.9	0.9	1.9
Carpet and upholstery cleaning services	56174	3.9	2.6	1.7		1.3
Other services to buildings and dwellings	56179	2.9	1.9	1.7	0.2	1.0
Other support services	5619	2.8	1.8		0.6	0.9
Waste management and remediation services	562	5.1	3.4	2.2	1.2	1.7
Waste collection	5621	7.0	4.4	3.0	1.4	2.5
Waste collection	56211	7.0	4.4	3.0	1.4	2.5
Solid waste collection	562111	7.1	4.7	3.3	1.5	2.4
Hazardous waste collection	562112	5.6	3.6	1.8	1.8	2.0
Waste treatment and disposal	5622	4.6	3.3	2.1	1.2	1.3
Waste treatment and disposal	56221	4.6	3.3	2.1	1.2	1.3
Hazardous waste treatment and disposal	562211	3.3	2.5	1.3	1.3	0.8
Solid waste landfill	562212	4.9	3.1	2.0	1.1	1.7
Solid waste combustors and incinerators	562213	3.4	1.8	1.0	0.8	1.6
Other nonhazardous waste treatment and disposal	562219	7.0	5.6	4.1	1.5	1.4
Remediation and other waste management services	5629	3.2	2.1	1.3	0.8	1.1
Remediation services	56291	1.8	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.8
Materials recovery facilities	56292	8.4	5.7	3.3	2.4	2.7
All other waste management services	56299	3.6	2.7	2.0	0.7	0.9

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

		NAICS Total		Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
Industry ²	code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases	
Educational and health services		4.2	2.0	1.1	0.8	2.2	
Educational services		2.1	0.9	0.6	0.2	1.2	
Educational services	611	2.1	0.9	0.6	0.2	1.2	
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	2.7	1.1	0.8	0.3	1.6	
Junior colleges	6112	1.5	0.4	0.4	0.1	1.0	
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	1.9	0.8	0.5	0.3	1.2	
Business schools and computer and management training	6114	1.5	0.5	0.4		1.0	
Business and secretarial schools	61141	1.2	0.6	0.6		0.6	
Professional and management development training	61143	2.1	0.6	0.4		1.4	
Other schools and instruction	6116	1.6	0.7	0.5		0.9	
Sports and recreation instruction	61162	1.9	0.8	0.7	0.1	1.1	
All other schools and instruction	61169	1.7	0.6	0.5	(°)	1.1	
Educational support services	6117	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.4	
Health care and social assistance		4.5	2.1	1.2	0.9	2.4	
Ambulatory health care services	621	2.4	0.9	0.6	0.3	1.5	
Offices of physicians	6211	1.8	0.4	0.3	0.2	1.3	
Offices of physicians	62111	1.8	0.4	0.3	0.2	1.3	
Offices of physicians (except mental health specialists)	621111	1.8	0.4	0.3	0.2	1.4	
Offices of physicians, mental health specialists	621112	1.1	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.7	
Offices of dentists	6212	1.7	0.2	0.2	(°)	1.5	
Offices of other health practitioners	6213	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.5	
Outpatient care centers	6214	3.9	1.3	0.9	0.4	2.6	
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	6215	2.5	1.1	0.7	0.4	1.3	
Home health care services	6216	3.5	1.9	1.3	0.5	1.7	
Other ambulatory health care services	6219	6.1	3.5	2.0	1.4	2.6	
Ambulance services	62191	7.9	5.0	3.1	2.0	2.9	
All other ambulatory health care services	62199	3.5	1.3	0.6	0.7	2.2	
Hospitals	622	6.2	2.5	1.5	1.0	3.7	

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

		Total	Cases with trai	Other		
Industry ²	NAICS code³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
General medical and surgical hospitals	6221	6.2	2.5	1.4	1.0	3.8
Psychiatric and substance abuse hospitals	6222	7.6	4.1	2.9	1.3	3.5
Specialty (except psychiatric and substance abuse) hospitals	6223	5.7	2.6	1.5	1.1	3.1
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	7.1	4.3	2.0	2.3	2.8
Nursing care facilities (skilled nursing facilities)	6231	7.4	4.8	2.3	2.5	2.5
Residential intellectual and developmental disability, mental health, and substance abuse facilities	6232	6.1	3.4	1.8	1.6	2.7
Continuing care retirement communities and assisted living facilities for the elderly	6233	7.2	4.2	1.7	2.5	3.0
Other residential care facilities	6239	7.2	3.3	1.9	1.4	3.9
Social assistance	624	3.5	1.8	1.3	0.6	1.6
Individual and family services	6241	3.3	1.7	1.2	0.5	1.6
Child and youth services	62411	2.7	1.1	0.7	0.4	1.6
Services for the elderly and persons with disabilities	62412	3.6	1.9	1.4	0.5	1.7
Other individual and family services	62419	2.8	1.3	0.9	0.4	1.5
Community food and housing, and emergency and other relief services	6242	3.5	1.9	1.3	0.6	1.6
Community food services	62421	5.2	3.9	2.6		1.3
Community housing services	62422	3.4	1.6	1.1	0.6	1.7
Emergency and other relief services	62423	2.4	0.8	0.6	0.1	1.6
Vocational rehabilitation services	6243	5.7	3.2	1.8	1.4	2.5
Child day care services	6244	3.0	1.6	1.2	0.4	1.4
Leisure, entertainment, and hospitality		3.6	1.5	1.0	0.6	2.1
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		4.2	2.1	1.2	0.9	2.1
Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries	711	4.7	2.2	1.5	0.7	2.5
Performing arts companies	7111	5.4	2.1	1.4	0.8	3.2
Racetracks	711212	4.2	1.7	1.4	0.3	2.5
Other spectator sports	711219	4.1	1.6	1.6	0.1	2.5
Promoters of performing arts, sports, and similar events	7113	3.7	1.5	1.2	0.4	2.2
Agents and managers for artists, athletes, entertainers, and other public figures	7114	0.2	0.1			0.1

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

		Total	Cases with trai	Other		
Industry ²	NAICS code³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions	712	4.0	2.0	1.2	0.8	2.0
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	4.1	2.1	1.1	0.9	2.0
Amusement parks and arcades	7131	6.6	4.6	1.4	3.2	2.0
Amusement and theme parks	71311	7.0	5.0	1.5	3.5	2.0
Amusement arcades	71312	3.0	1.0	0.9		1.9
Gambling industries	7132	3.6	1.8	1.1	0.7	1.8
Other amusement and recreation industries	7139	3.7	1.7	1.1	0.6	2.1
Golf courses and country clubs	71391	5.2	2.2	1.3	0.9	3.1
Skiing facilities	71392	10.7	5.6	2.7	2.9	5.1
Marinas	71393	1.6	1.1	1.0		0.5
Fitness and recreational sports centers	71394	2.4	1.1	0.8	0.3	1.4
All other amusement and recreation industries	71399	3.1	1.6	1.2	0.4	1.5
Accommodation and food services		3.5	1.4	0.9	0.5	2.1
Accommodation	721	4.9	2.7	1.4	1.2	2.3
Traveler accommodation	7211	4.9	2.7	1.4	1.2	2.2
Hotels (except casino hotels) and motels	72111	5.2	2.8	1.6	1.2	2.4
Casino hotels	72112	4.0	2.5	0.9	1.6	1.6
Other traveler accommodation	72119	1.7	1.0	0.9		0.6
Rv (recreational vehicle) parks and recreational camps	7212	4.5	1.9	1.5	0.4	2.6
Rv (recreational vehicle) parks and recreational camps	72121	4.5	1.9	1.5	0.4	2.6
Rv (recreational vehicle) parks and campgrounds	721211	2.9	1.1	0.8	0.3	1.8
Recreational and vacation camps (except campgrounds)	721214	5.5	2.5	2.0	0.5	3.0
Rooming and boarding houses	7213	3.6	1.9	1.9		1.7
Food services and drinking places	722	3.2	1.2	0.8	0.3	2.0
Special food services	7223	4.3	2.2	1.3	0.9	2.0
Drinking places (alcoholic beverages)	7224		0.4	0.3	0.1	
Restaurants and other eating places	7225	3.2	1.1	0.8	0.3	2.1
Restaurants and other eating places	72251	3.2	1.1	0.8	0.3	2.1
Full-service restaurants	722511	3.0	0.9	0.7	0.2	2.1

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAIGS	Total recordable cases	Cases with tran	Other		
Industry ²	NAICS code ³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Limited-service restaurants	722513	3.4	1.4	0.9	0.5	2.0
Cafeterias, gill buffets, and buffets	722514	2.9	1.0	0.5	0.5	1.9
Snack and nonalcoholic beverage bars	722515	3.7	1.0	0.8	0.2	2.6
Other services (except public administration)		2.5	1.2	0.9	0.4	1.2
Other services (except public administration)		2.5	1.2	0.9	0.4	1.2
Repair and maintenance	811	3.0	1.4	1.0	0.4	1.6
Automotive repair and maintenance	8111	3.1	1.4	1.1		1.7
Electronic and precision equipment repair and maintenance	8112	1.4	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.7
Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment (ex auto and electronic) repair and maintenance	8113	3.7	1.8		0.6	1.8
Personal and household goods repair and maintenance	8114		0.7	0.2		1.7
Personal and laundry services	812	2.2	1.4	0.9	0.5	0.8
Death care services	8122	1.8	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.9
Drycleaning and laundry services	8123	3.8	2.8	1.5	1.3	1.0
Drycleaning and laundry services (except coin-operated)	81232	2.3	1.5	1.0	0.6	0.8
Linen and uniform supply	81233	5.3	3.9	1.8	2.0	1.4
Linen supply	812331	5.6	4.2	2.2	2.0	1.4
Industrial launderers	812332	5.0	3.5	1.4	2.1	1.5
Other personal services	8129	3.2	1.8		0.5	1.4
Pet care (except veterinary) services	81291		3.3	2.3	1.0	2.2
Parking lots and garages	81293	2.9	1.6	1.2	0.4	1.3
All other personal services	81299	0.9	0.3	0.3		0.5
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	2.0	0.9	0.6	0.2	1.1
State and local government⁵		5.0	2.3	1.7	0.6	2.7
State government ⁵		4.1	2.1	1.7	0.4	2.0
Service-providing		4.1	2.1	1.7	0.4	2.0
Educational and health services		3.7	1.9	1.4	0.5	1.9

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

		Total recordable cases	Cases with tran	Other		
Industry ²	NAICS code ³		Total	Cases with days away from work4	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Educational services		2.1	0.9	0.6	0.3	1.3
Educational services Colleges, universities, and professional schools	611 6113	2.1 2.1	0.9 0.9	0.6 0.5		1.3 1.3
Health care and social assistance		8.1	4.6	3.6	1.0	3.5
Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	622 623	8.7 12.6	4.7 7.9	3.6 6.2		4.0 4.6
Public administration		4.4	2.3	1.9	0.4	2.1
Public administration		4.4	2.3	1.9	0.4	2.1
Justice, public order, and safety activities Justice, public order, and safety activities Police protection Correctional institutions	922 9221 92212 92214	6.1 6.1 6.9 8.2	3.3 3.3 3.3 4.5	2.7 2.7 2.8 3.8		2.8 2.8 3.6 3.7
Local government⁵		5.4	2.3	1.7	0.7	3.0
Goods-producing ⁵		8.6	4.2	3.0	1.3	4.3
Construction		8.6	4.2	3.0	1.3	4.4
Construction		8.6	4.2	3.0	1.3	4.4
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	8.6	4.2	2.9	1.3	4.3
Service-providing		5.3	2.3	1.7	0.7	3.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities8		6.5	3.6	2.7	0.8	2.9
Transportation and warehousing ⁸		7.5	4.5	4.0	0.5	3.0
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	7.1	4.4	4.0	0.4	2.7

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

	NAICE	Total	Cases with trai	Other		
Industry ²	NAICS code³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Utilities		5.4	2.7	1.5	1.2	
Utilities Water, sewage and other systems	221 2213	5.4 5.5	2.7 2.7	1.5 1.5	1.2 1.2	
Educational and health services		4.3	1.6	1.1	0.5	2.7
Educational services		4.1	1.5	1.0	0.5	2.6
Educational services Elementary and secondary schools	611 6111	4.1 4.2	1.5 1.5	1.0 1.1	0.5 0.5	2.6 2.7
Health care and social assistance		5.6	2.4	1.6	0.8	3.2
Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	622 623	5.7 7.4	2.2 5.2	1.4 3.5	0.8 1.6	3.6 2.3
Public administration		7.1	3.4	2.5	0.9	3.7
Public administration		7.1	3.4	2.5	0.9	3.7
Justice, public order, and safety activities Justice, public order, and safety activities Police protection Fire protection	922 9221 92212 92216	9.5 9.5 10.6 12.1	4.8 4.8 5.0 7.6		0.9 0.9 1.0 0.9	4.7 4.7 5.6 4.5

Table 10. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case type, United States, 2014 - continued

Industry ²	NAICS code³	Total	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other
		recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away	Cases with job transfer or	recordable cases
				from work⁴	restriction	

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, October 29, 2015.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System - United States, 2012.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

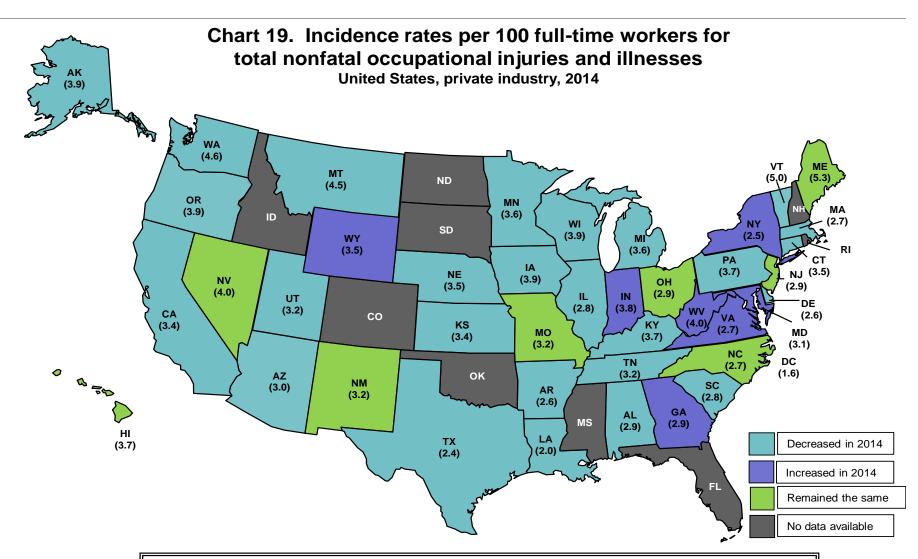
⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System*, 2012 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

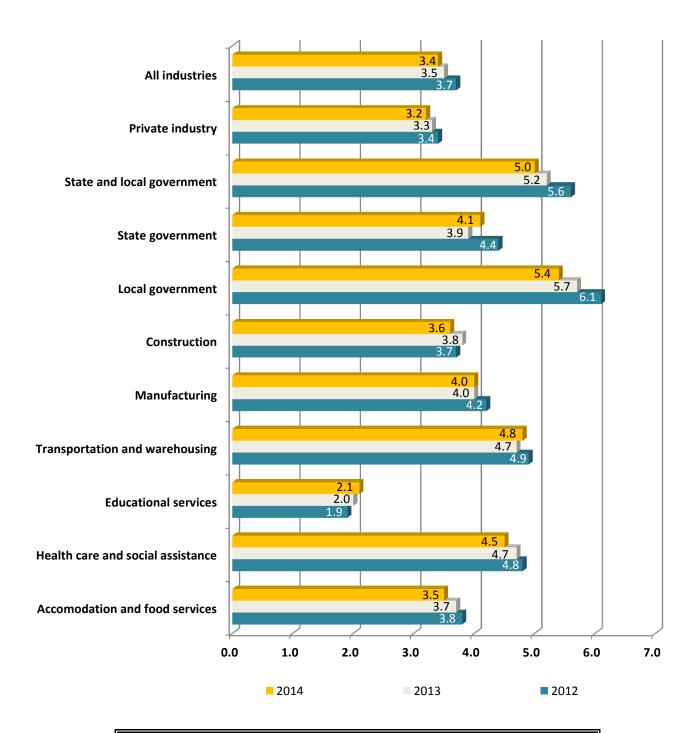
⁹ Data too small to be displayed.

Survey of Nonfatal Occupational Injuries and Illnesses United States, 2014 Charts



Twenty-six states and the District of Columbia showed a decrease in their total private sector incidence rates when comparing 2014 to 2013 data. Seven states showed an increase in incidence rates while eight states had rates that did not change. Colorado, Florida, Idaho, Mississippi, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, and South Dakota did not have state rates available. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015.

Chart 20. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by major industry sector
United States, 2012 - 2014

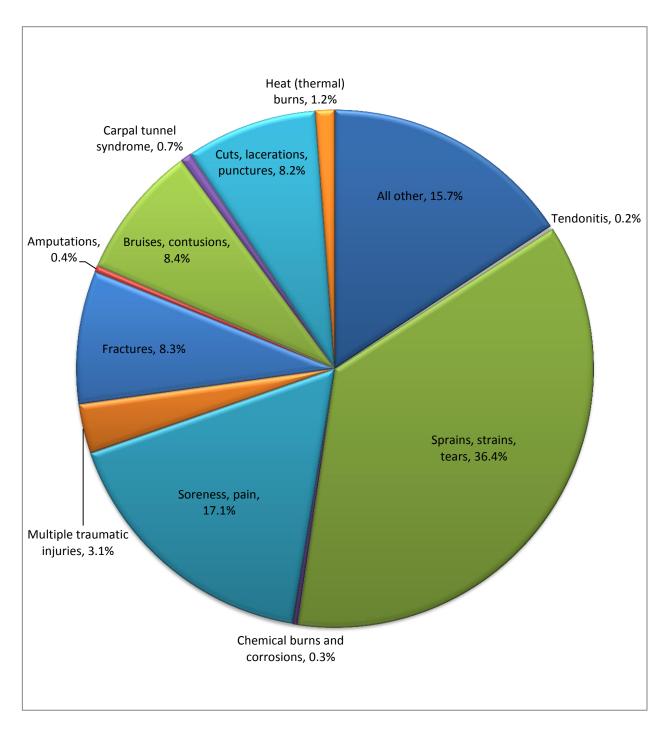


In each of the past three years, local government industies had the highest incidence rate followed by state government. Private industry had the lowest incidence rates each of the past three years.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, November, 2015.

Chart 21. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by nature of injury or illness

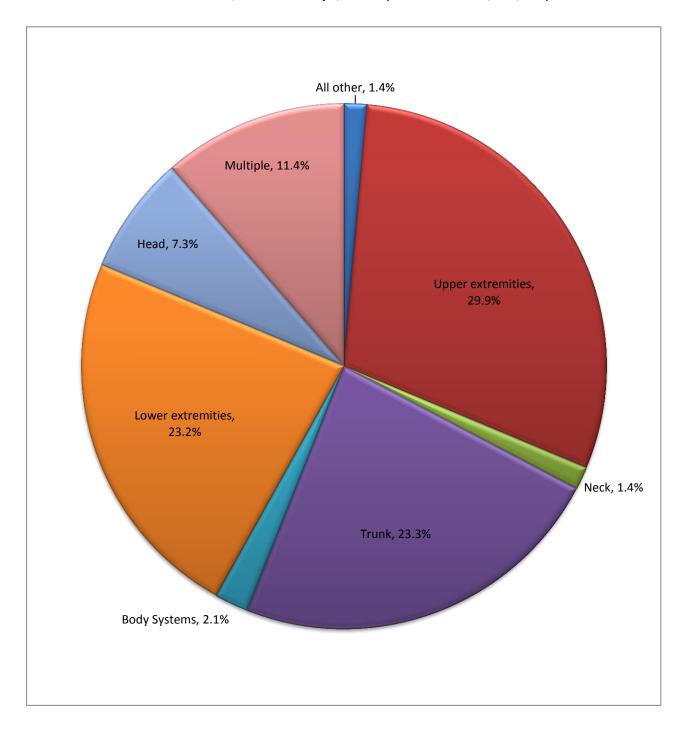
United States, all ownerships, 2014 (Total Cases = 1,157,410)



Sprains, strains, and tears made up over one-third of all occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work in the United States during the 2014 calendar year. That rate remained essentially unchanged from the 2013 figures.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, November, 2015.

Chart 22. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by part of body affected
United States, all ownerships, 2014 (Total Cases = 1,157,410)

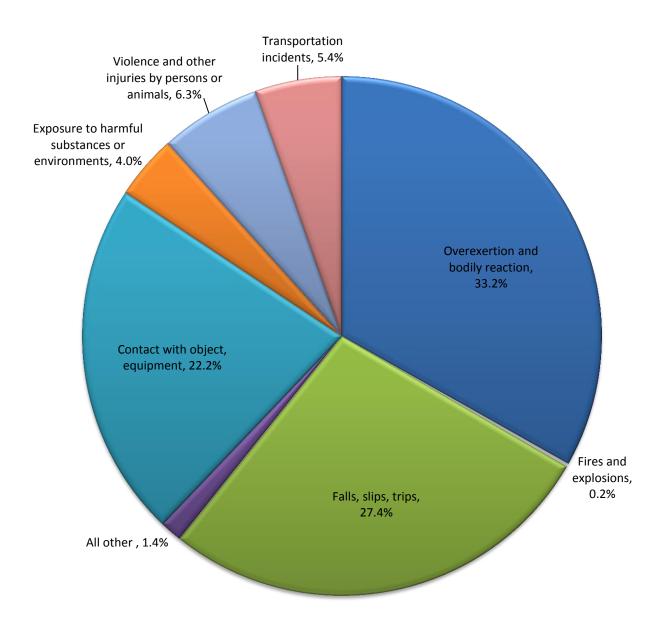


Upper extremities were the most frequently injured part of the body with 346,170 cases. There were 268,860 injuries to lower extremities and 200,250 injuries to the back.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, November, 2015.

Chart 23. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by event or exposure

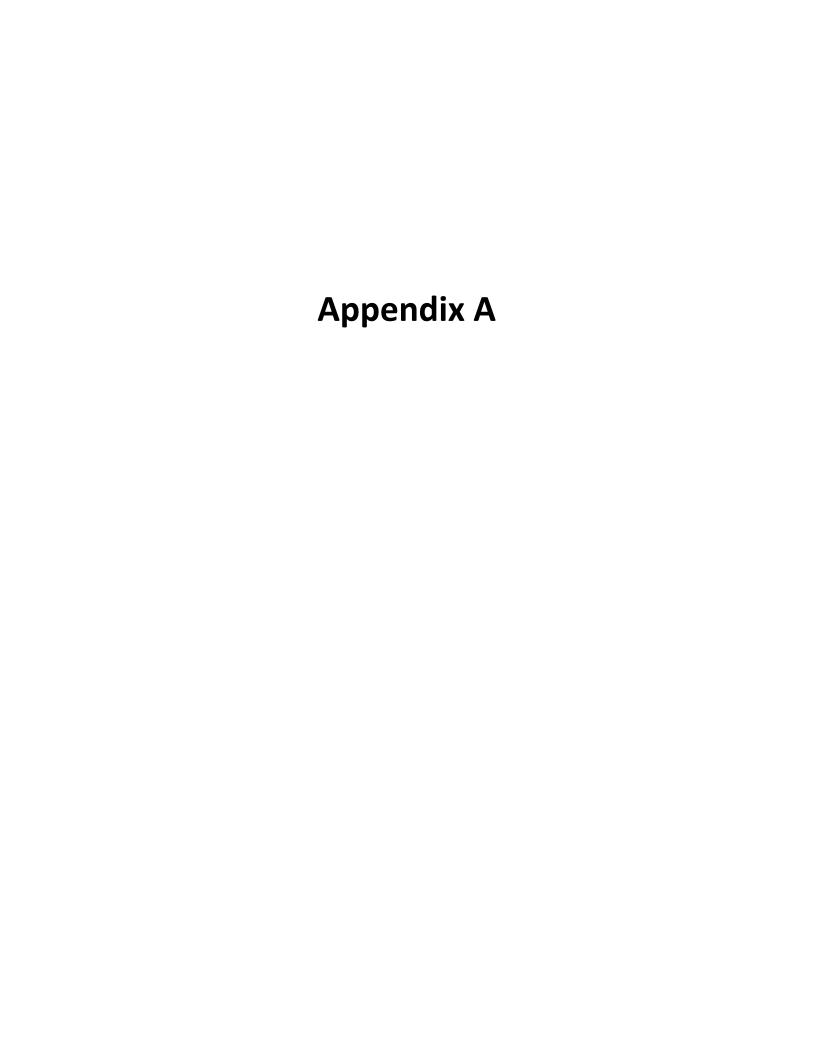
United States, all ownerships, 2014 (Total Cases = 1,157,410)



Overexertion and bodily reaction along with falls, slips, and trips accounted for approximately 60 percent of all injuries and illnesses with days away from work. The number of cases resulting in falls, slips, and trips increased by seven percent from 2013.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, November, 2015.

Appendices



Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI): Definitions

Traumatic injury:

A **traumatic injury** is defined as any wound or damage to the body resulting from acute exposure to energy, such as heat, electricity, or impact from a crash or fall, or from the absence of such essentials as heat or oxygen, caused by a specific event or incident within a single workday or shift. Included are open wounds, intracranial and internal injuries, heatstroke, hypothermia, asphyxiation, acute poisonings resulting from short-term exposures limited to the worker's shift, suicides and homicides, and work injuries listed as underlying or contributory causes of death. Heart attacks and strokes are considered illnesses and therefore excluded from CFOI unless a traumatic injury contributed to the death.

Work-relationship criteria:

A work-relationship exists if an event or exposure results in the fatal injury or illness of a person:

- (1) ON the employer's premises and the person was there to work; or
- (2) OFF the employer's premises and the person was there to work, or the event or exposure was related to the person's work or status as an employee.

The employer's premises includes buildings, grounds, parking lots, and other facilities and property used in the conduct of business. Work is defined as duties, activities, or tasks that produce a product or result that are done in exchange for money, goods, profit, or benefit and, that are legal activities in the United States.

The following are clarifications of the CFOI work-relationship criteria:

Volunteer workers: Fatalities to volunteer workers who are exposed to the same work hazards and perform the same duties or functions as paid employees and that meet the CFOI work-relationship criteria are IN scope.

Institutionalized persons: Fatalities to institutionalized persons, including inmates of penal and mental institutions, sanitariums, and homes for the aged, infirm and needy, are OUT of scope unless they are employed off the premises of their institutions.

Suicides and homicides that meet the CFOI work-relationship criteria are IN scope.

Recreational activities: Fatal events or exposures that occurred during a person's recreational activities that were not required by the person's employer, are OUT of scope.

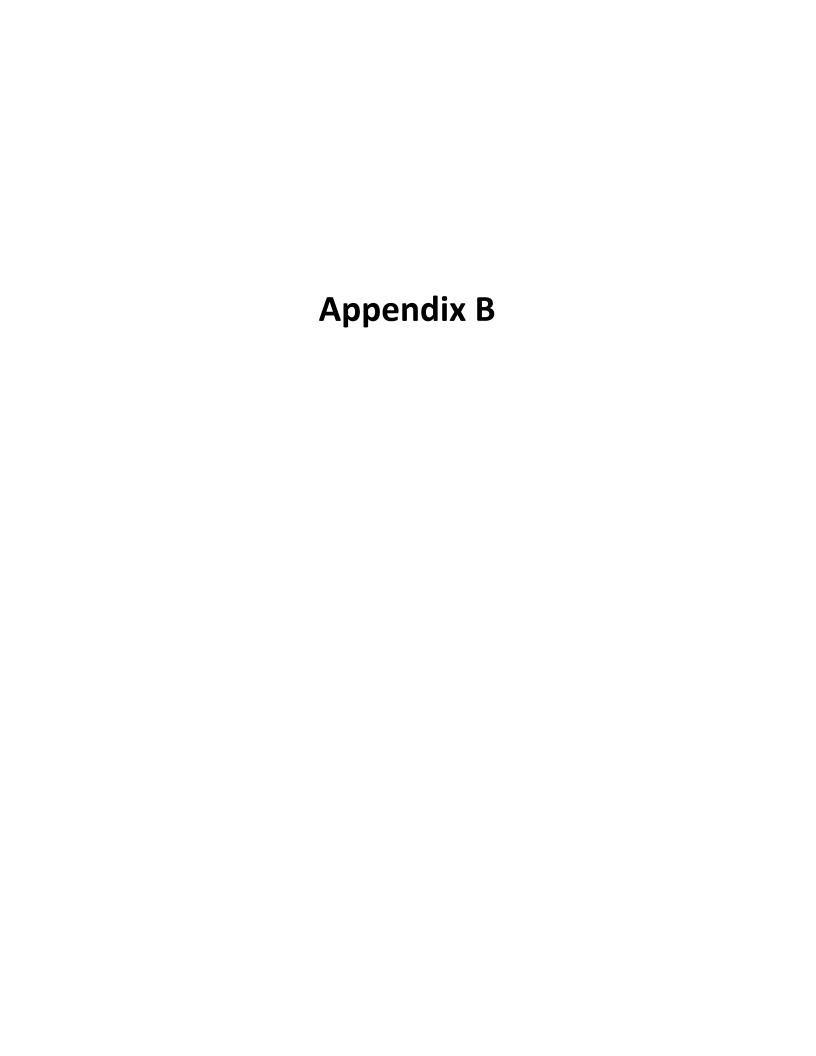
Travel status: Fatal events or exposures that occurred when a person was in travel status are IN scope if the travel was for work purposes or was a condition of employment.

Commuting: Fatal events or exposures that occur during a person's normal commute to or from work are OUT of scope, unless the incident occurred on the employer's premises.

Off-duty police: Homicides occurring to off-duty police officers are generally IN scope. Other fatalities to off-duty police are IN scope if they are performing a police-related function, such as directing traffic at the scene of an accident or rescuing someone from a fire.

Undocumented workers: Fatalities to undocumented workers are IN scope provided they meet the other work-relationship criteria.

SOURCE: "Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries: Definitions." U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries. Received from the Web site: http://bls.gov/iif/oshcfdef.htm



Technical Notes

Scope of survey:

The Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) was composed of selected employers in the State of Tennessee who had 11 or more employees and employers with 10 or fewer employees who had been pre-notified to keep records for participation in the surveyed year(s). The survey relates to employers in the following industry divisions.

Goods Producing

Natural resources and mining Construction Manufacturing

Service Providing

Trade, transportation, and utilities
Information
Financial activities
Professional and business services
Education and health services
Leisure and hospitality
State and local government

All classes of employees (part-time, full-time, casual, salaried, etc.) in these industries were covered. Excluded were self-employed individuals, private households, federal government employees, and farms employing fewer than 11 employees. The Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, provided data conforming to the OSHA definitions from employers covered by the Mine Safety and Health Acts. Data for railroad employees were provided by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Questionnaires were mailed to 5,000 sample units for the 2014 data. A number of these units were excluded because they were no longer in operation, were not within the scope of the survey, were included in the report for other locations, received duplicate survey forms for the same location, or because the survey itself was not mailable due to an inadequate address. The original and follow-up mailings and telephone calls resulted in approximately 415 fewer usable samples.

Estimating procedures:

Estimates of injury and illness data were obtained for each sampling industry by weighing the data of each reporting unit by the inverse of the sampling ratio of the cell in each industry employment size group (i.e. sampling cell). Each of these sampling cells was adjusted for non-response. The aggregate data for the industry were then adjusted for new businesses in the industry by benchmarking, a form of ratio estimation.

Industrial classification:

Reporting units are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity. For a reporting unit making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, data for the unit are included in the industry indicated by the more important product or activity for the company. The data were tabulated according to the *North American Industrial Classification System* (NAICS), 2012 edition.

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